MB-108

Sl. No.

II Semester M.B.A. Degree Examination, May/June - 2026

MANAGEMENT

Legal Aspects of Business

Course : 8

(Non-CBCS Scheme)

Time : 3 Hours **Maximum Marks : 80**

SECTION - A

Answer any Five sub-questions. Each sub-question carries 3 marks. (5×3=15)

1. a) What is an offer?

b) State the different types of debentures.

c) Give the meaning of Memorandum of Association.

d) What is cyber crime?

e) Define holder in due course.

f) Define promissory note.

g) List the objectives of company law.

SECTION - B

Answer any Four questions. Each question carries 5 marks. (4×5=20)

2. Mention the essentials of valid acceptance.

3. Satte the objecvtives of Negotiable instrument Act.

4. Write a note on redressal agency.

5. What are the provisions of sales of Goods Act?

6. Define cyber crime. List the objectives of cyber crime.

7. Highlight the pre-requesting of annual general meeting.

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SECTION - C

Answer any Three questions. Each question carries 10 marks. **(3×10=30)**

8. "A contract without consideration is void". Explain.

9. Examine nature and scope of consumer protection Act 1986.

10. Critically evaluate the provisions of TRIPS and TRIMS.

11. Enumerate the salient features of environment protection Act 1986.

12. Discuss the factors to be considered for dissolutions of a firm.

SECTION - D

(Compulsory)

Case Study. **(1×15=15)**

13. Dr. P.M. Desai a Doctor in All India Institute of Medical Sciences invents a machines which can delivered a glucose to a patient through the skin by causing the pores of the skin to absorb glucose and deliver it to the blood stream. The claim of the doctor of such and invention is rebuked by medical community as being highly improbable and useless in invention. However, when the invention is put to demostration it is found to be indeed effective and is claimed by the doctors to be highly useful method of treatment of diabetes by regulating the amount of glucose supply to the blood. Now that the invention has been hailed by the medical community, as being a new useful and non-obvious method of treatment.

Questions:

a) Discuss the label of provisions in relation to this case as per Patent law.

b) Can the doctor claim a Patent in the invention.
