

Test Booklet Code

HAKAN

No. :

E4

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.**Important Instructions :**

1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **side-1** and **side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are **720**.
3. Use **Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only** for writing particulars on this page/markings responses.
4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
5. **On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.**
6. The CODE for this Booklet is **E4**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. **Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.**
12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
15. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Candidate (in Capitals) : _____

Roll Number : in figures _____

: in words _____

Centre of Examination (in Capitals) : _____

Candidate's Signature : _____ Invigilator's Signature : _____

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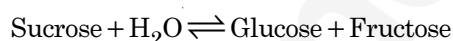
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1. Identify the **incorrect** statement.

- (1) $\text{Cr}^{2+}(\text{d}^4)$ is a stronger reducing agent than $\text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{d}^6)$ in water.
- (2) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
- (3) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
- (4) The oxidation states of chromium in CrO_4^{2-} and $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$ are not the same.

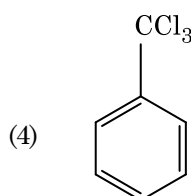
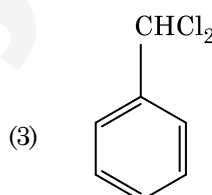
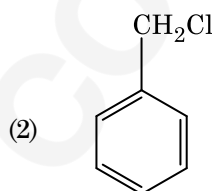
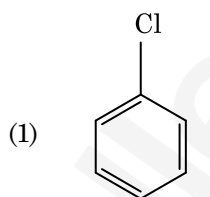
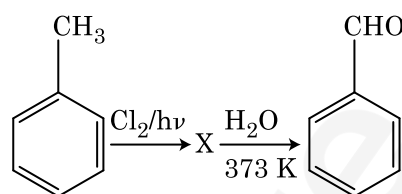
2. Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.



If the equilibrium constant (K_c) is 2×10^{13} at 300 K, the value of $\Delta_r G^\ominus$ at the same temperature will be :

- (1) $-8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (2) $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (3) $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (4) $-8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$

3. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions :



4. Identify the **incorrect** match.

Name		IUPAC Official Name	
(a)	Unnilunium	(i)	Mendelevium
(b)	Unniltrium	(ii)	Lawrencium
(c)	Unnilhexium	(iii)	Seaborgium
(d)	Unununnium	(iv)	Darmstadtium
(1)	(a), (i)		
(2)	(b), (ii)		
(3)	(c), (iii)		
(4)	(d), (iv)		

5. Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide ?
- It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
 - It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
 - The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
 - It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
6. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction ?
- n-Hexane
 - 2,3-Dimethylbutane
 - n-Heptane
 - n-Butane
7. Paper chromatography is an example of :
- Adsorption chromatography
 - Partition chromatography
 - Thin layer chromatography
 - Column chromatography
8. Identify the **correct** statement from the following :
- Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
 - Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO_2 .
 - Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
 - Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
9. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds ?
- $\text{SCN}^- < \text{F}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} < \text{CN}^-$
 - $\text{SCN}^- < \text{F}^- < \text{CN}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-}$
 - $\text{F}^- < \text{SCN}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} < \text{CN}^-$
 - $\text{CN}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} < \text{SCN}^- < \text{F}^-$
10. Urea reacts with water to form **A** which will decompose to form **B**. **B** when passed through Cu^{2+} (aq), deep blue colour solution **C** is formed. What is the formula of **C** from the following ?
- CuSO_4
 - $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{2+}$
 - $\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$
 - $\text{CuCO}_3 \cdot \text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$
11. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl_2 , MgCl_2 and NaCl . Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s) ?
- Both MgCl_2 and CaCl_2
 - Only NaCl
 - Only MgCl_2
 - NaCl , MgCl_2 and CaCl_2
12. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of Cr^{2+} ion is :
- 3.87 BM
 - 4.90 BM
 - 5.92 BM
 - 2.84 BM
13. Match the following and identify the **correct** option.
- | | |
|--|---|
| (a) $\text{CO}(\text{g}) + \text{H}_2(\text{g})$ | (i) $\text{Mg}(\text{HCO}_3)_2 + \text{Ca}(\text{HCO}_3)_2$ |
| (b) Temporary hardness of water | (ii) An electron deficient hydride |
| (c) B_2H_6 | (iii) Synthesis gas |
| (d) H_2O_2 | (iv) Non-planar structure |
- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|------|
| (1) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (2) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| (4) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |
14. For the reaction, $2\text{Cl}(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2(\text{g})$, the **correct** option is :
- $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
 - $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
 - $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
15. A mixture of N_2 and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of N_2 and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N_2 is :
- [Use atomic masses (in g mol^{-1}) : N = 14, Ar = 40]
- 9 bar
 - 12 bar
 - 15 bar
 - 18 bar

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16. On electrolysis of dil. sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be :

- (1) Hydrogen gas
- (2) Oxygen gas
- (3) H_2S gas
- (4) SO_2 gas

17. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following ?

- (1) -I effect of $-\text{CH}_3$ groups
- (2) +R effect of $-\text{CH}_3$ groups
- (3) -R effect of $-\text{CH}_3$ groups
- (4) Hyperconjugation

18. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.

- (1) Iron
- (2) Copper
- (3) Calcium
- (4) Potassium

19. The number of Faradays (F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten CaCl_2 (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol^{-1}) is :

- (1) 1
- (2) 2
- (3) 3
- (4) 4

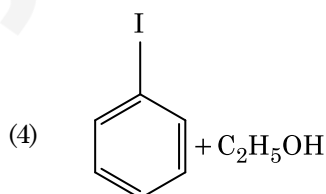
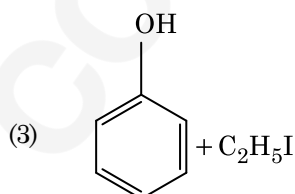
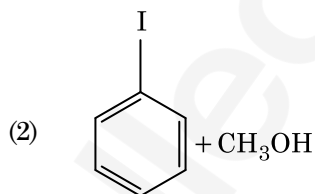
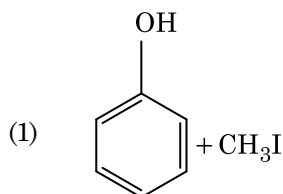
20. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives :

- (1) β -D-Glucose + α -D-Fructose
- (2) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Glucose
- (3) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Fructose
- (4) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose

21. The rate constant for a first order reaction is $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is :

- (1) 100 s
- (2) 200 s
- (3) 500 s
- (4) 1000 s

22. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives :



23. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as :

- (1) Aldol condensation
- (2) Cannizzaro's reaction
- (3) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
- (4) Cross Aldol condensation

24. Which of the following is a basic amino acid ?

- (1) Serine
- (2) Alanine
- (3) Tyrosine
- (4) Lysine

25. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is :

- (a) β -Elimination reaction
- (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
- (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
- (d) Dehydration reaction
- (1) (a), (b), (c)
- (2) (a), (c), (d)
- (3) (b), (c), (d)
- (4) (a), (b), (d)

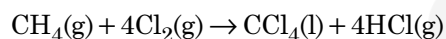
26. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :

- (1) activation energy
- (2) heat of reaction
- (3) threshold energy
- (4) collision frequency

27. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in $^{175}_{71}\text{Lu}$, respectively, are :

- (1) 71, 104 and 71
- (2) 104, 71 and 71
- (3) 71, 71 and 104
- (4) 175, 104 and 71

28. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction ?



- (1) +4 to +4
- (2) 0 to +4
- (3) -4 to +4
- (4) 0 to -4

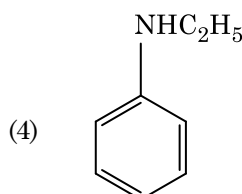
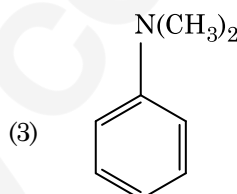
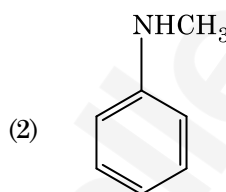
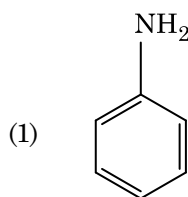
29. Match the following :

Oxide		Nature	
(a)	CO	(i)	Basic
(b)	BaO	(ii)	Neutral
(c)	Al_2O_3	(iii)	Acidic
(d)	Cl_2O_7	(iv)	Amphoteric

Which of the following is **correct** option ?

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (2) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (4) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |

30. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test ?



31. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is :

- (1) $q = 0, \Delta T = 0$ and $w = 0$
- (2) $q = 0, \Delta T < 0$ and $w > 0$
- (3) $q < 0, \Delta T = 0$ and $w = 0$
- (4) $q > 0, \Delta T > 0$ and $w > 0$

32. Identify a molecule which does **not** exist.

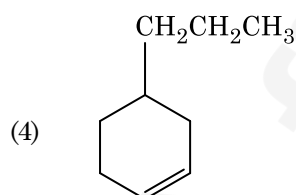
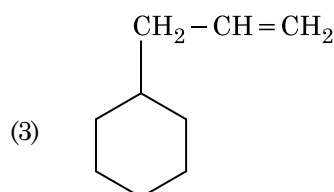
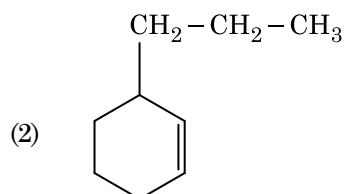
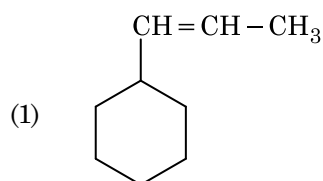
- (1) He_2
- (2) Li_2
- (3) C_2
- (4) O_2

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33. Which of the following is a natural polymer ?

- (1) *cis*-1,4-polyisoprene
- (2) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
- (3) polybutadiene
- (4) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)

34. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is :



35. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment ?

- (1) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
- (2) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- (3) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- (4) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene

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36. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is $5.12 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places) :

- (1) 0.20 K
- (2) 0.80 K
- (3) 0.40 K
- (4) 0.60 K

37. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is :

- (1) Ethanol + Acetone
- (2) Benzene + Toluene
- (3) Acetone + Chloroform
- (4) Chloroethane + Bromoethane

38. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms ?

- (1) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of $\text{Ag} = 108$]
- (2) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of $\text{Mg} = 24$]
- (3) $1 \text{ g of O}_2(\text{g})$ [Atomic mass of $\text{O} = 16$]
- (4) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of $\text{Li} = 7$]

39. Identify the **correct** statements from the following :

- (a) $\text{CO}_2(\text{g})$ is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
 - (b) The structure of C_{60} contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
 - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
 - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
- (1) (a), (b) and (c) only
 - (2) (a) and (c) only
 - (3) (b) and (c) only
 - (4) (c) and (d) only

40. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution ?

- (1) Viscosity
- (2) Solubility
- (3) Stability of the colloidal particles
- (4) Size of the colloidal particles

41. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is :
- (1) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (2) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (3) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
 - (4) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
42. Which of the following is a cationic detergent ?
- (1) Sodium lauryl sulphate
 - (2) Sodium stearate
 - (3) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
 - (4) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
43. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give :
- (1) Isopropyl alcohol
 - (2) Sec. butyl alcohol
 - (3) Tert. butyl alcohol
 - (4) Isobutyl alcohol
44. Find out the solubility of $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2$ in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2$ is 2×10^{-15} .
- (1) $2 \times 10^{-13} \text{ M}$
 - (2) $2 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M}$
 - (3) $1 \times 10^{-13} \text{ M}$
 - (4) $1 \times 10^8 \text{ M}$
45. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has –O–O– linkage ?
- (1) H_2SO_3 , sulphurous acid
 - (2) H_2SO_4 , sulphuric acid
 - (3) $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_8$, peroxodisulphuric acid
 - (4) $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_7$, pyrosulphuric acid
46. Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by :
- (1) Ctenophora
 - (2) Platyhelminthes
 - (3) Aschelminthes
 - (4) Annelida
47. Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy ?
- (1) Gibberellic acid
 - (2) Abscissic acid
 - (3) Phenolic acid
 - (4) Para-ascorbic acid
48. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- | Column - I | | Column - II | |
|---------------------------|---|-------------|--|
| (a) Placenta | (i) Androgens | | |
| (b) Zona pellucida | (ii) Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG) | | |
| (c) Bulbo-urethral glands | (iii) Layer of the ovum | | |
| (d) Leydig cells | (iv) Lubrication of the Penis | | |
- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |
| (2) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) | (iii) |
| (3) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (4) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |
49. In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive ?
- (1) ZIFT and IUT
 - (2) GIFT and ZIFT
 - (3) ICSI and ZIFT
 - (4) GIFT and ICSI
50. From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask :
- (1) CH_4 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at 800°C
 - (2) CH_3 , H_2 , NH_4 and water vapor at 800°C
 - (3) CH_4 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at 600°C
 - (4) CH_3 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at 600°C

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51. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	Organ of Corti	(i)	Connects middle ear and pharynx
(b)	Cochlea	(ii)	Coiled part of the labyrinth
(c)	Eustachian tube	(iii)	Attached to the oval window
(d)	Stapes	(iv)	Located on the basilar membrane

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)
(2)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)
(3)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)
(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)

52. Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	Typhoid	(i)	<i>Wuchereria</i>
(b)	Pneumonia	(ii)	<i>Plasmodium</i>
(c)	Filariasis	(iii)	<i>Salmonella</i>
(d)	Malaria	(iv)	<i>Haemophilus</i>

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)
(4)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)

53. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed :

- (1) Selectable marker
- (2) Ori site
- (3) Palindromic sequence
- (4) Recognition site

54. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in :

- (1) lining of intestine
- (2) ducts of salivary glands
- (3) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
- (4) eustachian tube

55. The ovary is half inferior in :

- (1) Brinjal
- (2) Mustard
- (3) Sunflower
- (4) Plum

56. In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from :

- (1) PS-II to Cytb₆f complex
- (2) Cytb₆f complex to PS-I
- (3) PS-I to NADP⁺
- (4) PS-I to ATP synthase

57. Identify the **incorrect** statement.

- (1) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
- (2) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
- (3) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
- (4) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.

58. Match the trophic levels with their **correct** species examples in grassland ecosystem.

(a)	Fourth trophic level	(i)	Crow
(b)	Second trophic level	(ii)	Vulture
(c)	First trophic level	(iii)	Rabbit
(d)	Third trophic level	(iv)	Grass

Select the **correct** option :

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)

59. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.

- (1) Cytokinin
- (2) Gibberellin
- (3) Ethylene
- (4) Absciscic acid

60. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because :
- (1) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
 - (2) the cockroach does not have nervous system.
 - (3) the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
 - (4) the head holds a $\frac{1}{3}$ rd of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
61. Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription.
- (1) DNA ligase
 - (2) DNA helicase
 - (3) DNA polymerase
 - (4) RNA polymerase
62. Ray florets have :
- (1) Inferior ovary
 - (2) Superior ovary
 - (3) Hypogynous ovary
 - (4) Half inferior ovary
63. Which of the following is **correct** about viroids ?
- (1) They have RNA with protein coat.
 - (2) They have free RNA without protein coat.
 - (3) They have DNA with protein coat.
 - (4) They have free DNA without protein coat.
64. Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect** ?
- (1) They are not bound by any membrane.
 - (2) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
 - (3) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
 - (4) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.

65. Select the **correct** statement.
- (1) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
 - (2) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
 - (3) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
 - (4) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
66. Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to :
- (1) Insect pests
 - (2) Fungal diseases
 - (3) Plant nematodes
 - (4) Insect predators
67. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- | Column - I | | Column - II | |
|-----------------|-------|--|--|
| (a) Eosinophils | (i) | Immune response | |
| (b) Basophils | (ii) | Phagocytosis | |
| (c) Neutrophils | (iii) | Release histaminase, destructive enzymes | |
| (d) Lymphocytes | (iv) | Release granules containing histamine | |
- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| (2) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |
| (3) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (4) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | (iv) |
68. The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features :
- (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
 - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
 - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
 - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.
- Identify the category of plant and its part :
- (1) Monocotyledonous stem
 - (2) Monocotyledonous root
 - (3) Dicotyledonous stem
 - (4) Dicotyledonous root

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69. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of :

- (1) Adaptive radiation
- (2) Convergent evolution
- (3) Industrial melanism
- (4) Natural selection

70. The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is :

- (1) 5' - GAATTC - 3'
3' - CTTAAG - 5'
- (2) 5' - GGAACC - 3'
3' - CCTTGG - 5'
- (3) 5' - CTTAAG - 3'
3' - GAATTC - 5'
- (4) 5' - GGATCC - 3'
3' - CCTAGG - 5'

71. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents :

- (1) Repolarisation of auricles
- (2) Depolarisation of auricles
- (3) Depolarisation of ventricles
- (4) Repolarisation of ventricles

72. According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about :

- (1) 1.5 million
- (2) 20 million
- (3) 50 million
- (4) 7 million

73. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage (G_0). This process occurs at the end of :

- (1) M phase
- (2) G_1 phase
- (3) S phase
- (4) G_2 phase

74. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	Gregarious, polyphagous pest	(i)	<i>Asterias</i>
(b)	Adult with radial symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry	(ii)	Scorpion
(c)	Book lungs	(iii)	<i>Ctenoplane</i>
(d)	Bioluminescence	(iv)	<i>Locusta</i>
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)
(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)

75. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is :

- (1) Transpiration
- (2) Root pressure
- (3) Imbibition
- (4) Plasmolysis

76. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	Floating Ribs	(i)	Located between second and seventh ribs
(b)	Acromion	(ii)	Head of the Humerus
(c)	Scapula	(iii)	Clavicle
(d)	Glenoid cavity	(iv)	Do not connect with the sternum
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)
(2)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)
(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)

77. The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are :

- (1) Ammonia alone
- (2) Nitrate alone
- (3) Ammonia and oxygen
- (4) Ammonia and hydrogen

78. The roots that originate from the base of the stem are :
- (1) Fibrous roots
 - (2) Primary roots
 - (3) Prop roots
 - (4) Lateral roots
79. Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment ?
- (1) Primary sludge
 - (2) Floating debris
 - (3) Effluents of primary treatment
 - (4) Activated sludge
80. Which of the following statements is **not correct** ?
- (1) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
 - (2) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
 - (3) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
 - (4) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in *E-Coli*.
81. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
- (1) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O_2 .
 - (2) Partial pressure of CO_2 can interfere with O_2 binding with haemoglobin.
 - (3) Higher H^+ conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (4) Low pCO_2 in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
82. Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity ?
- (1) Western Ghats of India
 - (2) Madagascar
 - (3) Himalayas
 - (4) Amazon forests
83. Match the following with respect to meiosis :
- | | |
|----------------|---------------------|
| (a) Zygotene | (i) Terminalization |
| (b) Pachytene | (ii) Chiasmata |
| (c) Diplotene | (iii) Crossing over |
| (d) Diakinesis | (iv) Synapsis |
- Select the **correct** option from the following :
- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (2) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (3) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (4) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) |
84. The plant parts which consist of two generations - one within the other :
- (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
 - (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
 - (c) Seed inside the fruit
 - (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
- (1) (a) only
 - (2) (a), (b) and (c)
 - (3) (c) and (d)
 - (4) (a) and (d)
85. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle ?
- (1) High concentration of Estrogen
 - (2) High concentration of Progesterone
 - (3) Low concentration of LH
 - (4) Low concentration of FSH
86. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.
- (1) Tyrosine
 - (2) Glutamic Acid
 - (3) Lysine
 - (4) Valine

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87. Identify the **correct** statement with reference to human digestive system.
- (1) Ileum opens into small intestine.
 - (2) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
 - (3) Ileum is a highly coiled part.
 - (4) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
88. The process of growth is maximum during :
- (1) Log phase
 - (2) Lag phase
 - (3) Senescence
 - (4) Dormancy
89. The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at :
- (1) Hilum
 - (2) Micropyle
 - (3) Nucellus
 - (4) Chalaza
90. Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during :
- (1) Pachytene
 - (2) Zygotene
 - (3) Diplotene
 - (4) Leptotene
91. Select the **correct** events that occur during inspiration.
- (a) Contraction of diaphragm
 - (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
 - (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
 - (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
- (1) (a) and (b)
 - (2) (c) and (d)
 - (3) (a), (b) and (d)
 - (4) only (d)
92. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals ?
- (1) Haemoglobin
 - (2) Collagen
 - (3) Lectin
 - (4) Insulin
93. Identify the **wrong** statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
- (1) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
 - (2) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
 - (3) They are useful in genetic engineering.
 - (4) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
94. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to :
- (1) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
 - (2) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
 - (3) High reflection of light from snow
 - (4) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
95. Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action ?
- (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
 - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
 - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
 - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
- (1) only (a)
 - (2) (a) and (c)
 - (3) (b), (c) and (d)
 - (4) only (d)
96. In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of :
- (1) Acetocarmine in bright blue light
 - (2) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
 - (3) Acetocarmine in UV radiation
 - (4) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation

97. Match the following :

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| (a) Inhibitor of catalytic activity | (i) Ricin |
| (b) Possess peptide bonds | (ii) Malonate |
| (c) Cell wall material in fungi | (iii) Chitin |
| (d) Secondary metabolite | (iv) Collagen |

Choose the **correct** option from the following :

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) |
| (2) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (4) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) |

98. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

- | Column - I | | Column - II | |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------------------------------|--|
| (a) Bt cotton | (i) | Gene therapy | |
| (b) Adenosine deaminase deficiency | (ii) | Cellular defence | |
| (c) RNAi | (iii) | Detection of HIV infection | |
| (d) PCR | (iv) | <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> | |

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |
| (2) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (3) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (4) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |

99. Match the organism with its use in biotechnology.

- | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| (a) <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> | (i) | Cloning vector |
| (b) <i>Thermus aquaticus</i> | (ii) | Construction of first rDNA molecule |
| (c) <i>Agrobacterium tumefaciens</i> | (iii) | DNA polymerase |
| (d) <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> | (iv) | Cry proteins |

Select the **correct** option from the following :

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) |
| (2) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |
| (3) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |

100. Choose the **correct** pair from the following :

- | | | |
|------------------|---|--|
| (1) Ligases | - | Join the two DNA molecules |
| (2) Polymerases | - | Break the DNA into fragments |
| (3) Nucleases | - | Separate the two strands of DNA |
| (4) Exonucleases | - | Make cuts at specific positions within DNA |

101. Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis ?

- | | |
|-----|---|
| (1) | More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH |
| (2) | Reabsorption of Na^+ and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone |
| (3) | Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction |
| (4) | Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells |

102. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams ?

- | | |
|-----|---------------------|
| (1) | Out crossing |
| (2) | Mutational breeding |
| (3) | Cross breeding |
| (4) | Inbreeding |

103. Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure :

- | | |
|-----|---------------------|
| (1) | Chitin, cholesterol |
| (2) | Glycerol, trypsin |
| (3) | Cellulose, lecithin |
| (4) | Inulin, insulin |

104. Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population ?

- | | |
|-----|---------------------|
| (1) | Sex ratio |
| (2) | Natality |
| (3) | Mortality |
| (4) | Species interaction |

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105. The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is :
- (1) Trophozoites
 - (2) Sporozoites
 - (3) Female gametocytes
 - (4) Male gametocytes
106. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to the gene 'I' that controls ABO blood groups.
- (1) The gene (I) has three alleles.
 - (2) A person will have only two of the three alleles.
 - (3) When I^A and I^B are present together, they express same type of sugar.
 - (4) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
107. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae ?
- (1) *Laminaria* and *Sargassum*
 - (2) *Gelidium* and *Gracilaria*
 - (3) *Anabaena* and *Volvox*
 - (4) *Chlorella* and *Spirulina*
108. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to immunity.
- (1) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
 - (2) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
 - (3) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
 - (4) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
109. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	<i>Clostridium butylicum</i>	(i)	Cyclosporin-A
(b)	<i>Trichoderma polysporum</i>	(ii)	Butyric Acid
(c)	<i>Monascus purpureus</i>	(iii)	Citric Acid
(d)	<i>Aspergillus niger</i>	(iv)	Blood cholesterol lowering agent

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)
(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(3)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)

110. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed :
- (1) Prior to ovulation
 - (2) At the time of copulation
 - (3) After zygote formation
 - (4) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
111. How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits ?
- (1) 4
 - (2) 2
 - (3) 14
 - (4) 8
112. Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata ?
- (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
 - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
 - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
 - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
- (1) (d) and (c)
 - (2) (c) and (a)
 - (3) (a) and (b)
 - (4) (b) and (c)
113. Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by :
- (1) Mendel
 - (2) Sutton
 - (3) Boveri
 - (4) Morgan
114. The first phase of translation is :
- (1) Binding of mRNA to ribosome
 - (2) Recognition of DNA molecule
 - (3) Aminoacylation of tRNA
 - (4) Recognition of an anti-codon

115. Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants :

- | | |
|---------------|---|
| (a) Iron | (i) Photolysis of water |
| (b) Zinc | (ii) Pollen germination |
| (c) Boron | (iii) Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis |
| (d) Manganese | (iv) IAA biosynthesis |

Select the **correct** option :

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (2) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| (4) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |

116. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

- | | Column - I | | Column - II |
|-----|----------------------------|-------|----------------|
| (a) | 6 - 15 pairs of gill slits | (i) | <i>Trygon</i> |
| (b) | Heterocercal caudal fin | (ii) | Cyclostomes |
| (c) | Air Bladder | (iii) | Chondrichthyes |
| (d) | Poison sting | (iv) | Osteichthyes |
-
- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (2) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (3) | (iv) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) |
| (4) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) |

117. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from :

- (1) Squamous epithelial cells
- (2) Columnar epithelial cells
- (3) Chondrocytes
- (4) Compound epithelial cells

118. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is 6.6×10^9 bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately :

- (1) 2.0 meters
- (2) 2.5 meters
- (3) 2.2 meters
- (4) 2.7 meters

119. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is :

- (1) Zero
- (2) One
- (3) Two
- (4) Three

120. Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells ?

- (1) Endoplasmic reticulum
- (2) Peroxisomes
- (3) Golgi bodies
- (4) Polysomes

121. Strobili or cones are found in :

- (1) *Salvinia*
- (2) *Pteris*
- (3) *Marchantia*
- (4) *Equisetum*

122. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

- | | Column - I | | Column - II |
|-----|-----------------|-------|--------------------|
| (a) | Pituitary gland | (i) | Grave's disease |
| (b) | Thyroid gland | (ii) | Diabetes mellitus |
| (c) | Adrenal gland | (iii) | Diabetes insipidus |
| (d) | Pancreas | (iv) | Addison's disease |
-
- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |
| (2) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (3) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |
| (4) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |

123. Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus ?

- (1) Uremia and Ketonuria
- (2) Uremia and Renal Calculi
- (3) Ketonuria and Glycosuria
- (4) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia

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124. Select the **correct** match.

- (1) Haemophilia - Y linked
- (2) Phenylketonuria - Autosomal dominant trait
- (3) Sickle cell anaemia - Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11
- (4) Thalassemia - X linked

125. Floridean starch has structure similar to :

- (1) Starch and cellulose
- (2) Amylopectin and glycogen
- (3) Mannitol and algin
- (4) Laminarin and cellulose

126. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct** ?

- (1) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
- (2) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
- (3) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
- (4) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.

127. Which of the following statements is **correct** ?

- (1) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
- (2) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
- (3) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
- (4) Adenine does not pair with thymine.

128. Identify the **correct** statement with regard to G₁ phase (Gap 1) of interphase.

- (1) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
- (2) Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
- (3) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
- (4) Nuclear Division takes place.

129. The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of :

- (1) protein into polypeptides
- (2) trypsinogen into trypsin
- (3) caseinogen into casein
- (4) pepsinogen into pepsin

130. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of :

- (1) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
- (2) Emission of ozone depleting substances
- (3) Release of Green House gases
- (4) Disposal of e-wastes

131. In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :

- (1) insects or wind
- (2) water currents only
- (3) wind and water
- (4) insects and water

132. Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.

- (1) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
- (2) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
- (3) AIDS, Malaria, Filariasis
- (4) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis

133. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of :

- (1) 2 molecules of 3-C compound
- (2) 1 molecule of 3-C compound
- (3) 1 molecule of 6-C compound
- (4) 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound

134. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their :

- (1) Nutritive value
- (2) Growth response
- (3) Defence action
- (4) Effect on reproduction

- 135.** Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by :
- (1) Karl Ernst von Baer
 - (2) Alfred Wallace
 - (3) Charles Darwin
 - (4) Oparin
- 136.** The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to :
- (1) forward bias only
 - (2) reverse bias only
 - (3) both forward bias and reverse bias
 - (4) increase in forward current
- 137.** Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled ?
- (1) doubled
 - (2) four times
 - (3) one-fourth
 - (4) zero
- 138.** A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a $10\ \Omega$ resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3 : 2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of $1\ \Omega$ of the resistance wire is :
- (1) $1.0 \times 10^{-2}\text{ m}$
 - (2) $1.0 \times 10^{-1}\text{ m}$
 - (3) $1.5 \times 10^{-1}\text{ m}$
 - (4) $1.5 \times 10^{-2}\text{ m}$
- 139.** The energy required to break one bond in DNA is 10^{-20} J . This value in eV is nearly :
- (1) 6
 - (2) 0.6
 - (3) 0.06
 - (4) 0.006
- 140.** The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is :
- (1) $\pi\text{ rad}$
 - (2) $\frac{3\pi}{2}\text{ rad}$
 - (3) $\frac{\pi}{2}\text{ rad}$
 - (4) zero
- 141.** A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is : ($g = 10\text{ m/s}^2$)
- (1) 360 m
 - (2) 340 m
 - (3) 320 m
 - (4) 300 m
- 142.** A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of $16 \times 10^{-9}\text{ C m}$. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is :
- $$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9\text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2 \right)$$
- (1) 50 V
 - (2) 200 V
 - (3) 400 V
 - (4) zero
- 143.** An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m^{-1} . The permeability of the material of the rod is :
- $$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7}\text{ T m A}^{-1})$$
- (1) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4}\text{ T m A}^{-1}$
 - (2) $8.0 \times 10^{-5}\text{ T m A}^{-1}$
 - (3) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5}\text{ T m A}^{-1}$
 - (4) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7}\text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- 144.** Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is :
- (1) isothermal
 - (2) adiabatic
 - (3) isochoric
 - (4) isobaric

E4

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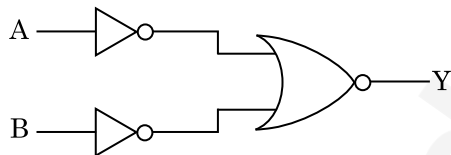
145. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of 3.2×10^{-7} C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere ?

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2 \right)$$

- (1) 1.28×10^4 N/C
 (2) 1.28×10^5 N/C
 (3) 1.28×10^6 N/C
 (4) 1.28×10^7 N/C
146. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as :

- (1) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n \pi d}$
 (2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n \pi d^2}$
 (3) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$
 (4) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$

147. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is :



- (1)

A	B	Y
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1
- (2)

A	B	Y
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1
- (3)

A	B	Y
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0
- (4)

A	B	Y
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	0

148. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is :

- (1) 4.5×10^{16} J
 (2) 4.5×10^{13} J
 (3) 1.5×10^{13} J
 (4) 0.5×10^{13} J

149. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm² falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm². The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is :

- (1) 10×10^3 J
 (2) 12×10^3 J
 (3) 24×10^3 J
 (4) 48×10^3 J

150. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ , then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to :

- (1) $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
 (2) $\frac{2A}{\mu}$
 (3) μA
 (4) $\frac{\mu A}{2}$

151. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are :

- (1) metals
 (2) insulators only
 (3) semiconductors only
 (4) insulators and semiconductors

152. When a uranium isotope ${}_{92}^{235}\text{U}$ is bombarded with a neutron, it generates ${}_{36}^{89}\text{Kr}$, three neutrons and :

- (1) ${}_{56}^{144}\text{Ba}$
 (2) ${}_{40}^{91}\text{Zr}$
 (3) ${}_{36}^{101}\text{Kr}$
 (4) ${}_{36}^{103}\text{Kr}$

153. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h . The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius $2r$ is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is :
- 2.5 g
 - 5.0 g
 - 10.0 g
 - 20.0 g
154. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m^3 , the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is :
- zero
 - 0.5 N/C
 - 1 N/C
 - 5 N/C
155. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is :
- ($\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$)
- $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$
 - $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$
 - $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$
 - $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$
156. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is :
- $3.66 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
 - $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
 - $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
 - $6.00 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
157. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is $1.227 \times 10^{-2} \text{ nm}$, the potential difference is :
- 10 V
 - 10^2 V
 - 10^3 V
 - 10^4 V
158. Dimensions of stress are :
- $[\text{MLT}^{-2}]$
 - $[\text{ML}^2\text{T}^{-2}]$
 - $[\text{ML}^0\text{T}^{-2}]$
 - $[\text{ML}^{-1}\text{T}^{-2}]$
159. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is $6 \mu\text{F}$. With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes $30 \mu\text{F}$. The permittivity of the medium is :
- ($\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$)
- $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
 - $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
 - $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
 - $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
160. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is : (c = speed of electromagnetic waves)
- $c : 1$
 - 1 : 1
 - 1 : c
 - 1 : c^2
161. For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid ?
- Hydrogen atom
 - Singly ionised helium atom (He^+)
 - Deuteron atom
 - Singly ionised neon atom (Ne^+)
162. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C . Its density is : ($R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$)
- 0.5 kg/m^3
 - 0.2 kg/m^3
 - 0.1 kg/m^3
 - 0.02 kg/m^3
163. For transistor action, which of the following statements is **correct** ?
- Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
 - Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
 - Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
 - The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.

E4

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164. The Brewsters angle i_b for an interface should be :

- (1) $0^\circ < i_b < 30^\circ$
- (2) $30^\circ < i_b < 45^\circ$
- (3) $45^\circ < i_b < 90^\circ$
- (4) $i_b = 90^\circ$

165. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is : (k_B is Boltzmann constant and T , absolute temperature)

- (1) $\frac{1}{2} k_B T$
- (2) $\frac{3}{2} k_B T$
- (3) $\frac{5}{2} k_B T$
- (4) $\frac{7}{2} k_B T$

166. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of $9.99 \text{ m} - 0.0099 \text{ m}$?

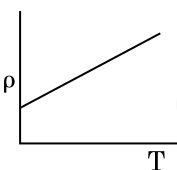
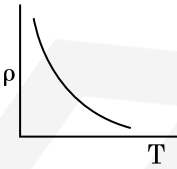
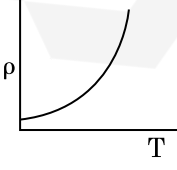
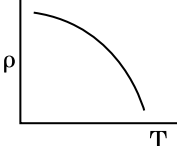
- (1) 9.9801 m
- (2) 9.98 m
- (3) 9.980 m
- (4) 9.9 m

167. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is :

- (1) 0.01 mm
- (2) 0.25 mm
- (3) 0.5 mm
- (4) 1.0 mm

168. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper ?

- (1) 
- (2) 
- (3) 
- (4) 

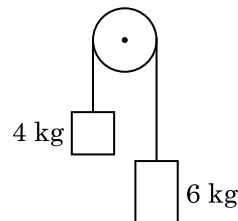
169. Find the torque about the origin when a force of $3\hat{j} \text{ N}$ acts on a particle whose position vector is $2\hat{k} \text{ m}$.

- (1) $6\hat{i} \text{ N m}$
- (2) $6\hat{j} \text{ N m}$
- (3) $-6\hat{i} \text{ N m}$
- (4) $6\hat{k} \text{ N m}$

170. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is $\frac{\pi}{3}$. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again $\frac{\pi}{3}$ between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is :

- (1) zero
- (2) 0.5
- (3) 1.0
- (4) -1.0

171. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is :



- (1) g
- (2) $g/2$
- (3) $g/5$
- (4) $g/10$

172. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii r_1 and r_2 ($r_1 = 1.5 r_2$) through 1 K are in the ratio :

- (1) $\frac{27}{8}$
- (2) $\frac{9}{4}$
- (3) $\frac{3}{2}$
- (4) $\frac{5}{3}$

173. A $40\ \mu\text{F}$ capacitor is connected to a $200\ \text{V}$, $50\ \text{Hz}$ ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly :

(1) $1.7\ \text{A}$
 (2) $2.05\ \text{A}$
 (3) $2.5\ \text{A}$
 (4) $25.1\ \text{A}$

174. A body weighs $72\ \text{N}$ on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth ?

(1) $48\ \text{N}$
 (2) $32\ \text{N}$
 (3) $30\ \text{N}$
 (4) $24\ \text{N}$

175. Two particles of mass $5\ \text{kg}$ and $10\ \text{kg}$ respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length $1\ \text{m}$ with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the $5\ \text{kg}$ particle is nearly at a distance of :

(1) $33\ \text{cm}$
 (2) $50\ \text{cm}$
 (3) $67\ \text{cm}$
 (4) $80\ \text{cm}$

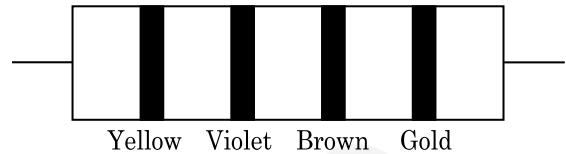
176. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes :

(1) double
 (2) half
 (3) four times
 (4) one-fourth

177. A charged particle having drift velocity of $7.5 \times 10^{-4}\ \text{m s}^{-1}$ in an electric field of $3 \times 10^{-10}\ \text{Vm}^{-1}$, has a mobility in $\text{m}^2 \text{V}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$ of :

(1) 2.25×10^{15}
 (2) 2.5×10^6
 (3) 2.5×10^{-6}
 (4) 2.25×10^{-15}

178. The color code of a resistance is given below :



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are :

(1) $470\ \text{k}\Omega$, 5%
 (2) $47\ \text{k}\Omega$, 10%
 (3) $4.7\ \text{k}\Omega$, 5%
 (4) $470\ \Omega$, 5%

179. A wire of length L , area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to L_1 when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is :

(1) $\frac{MgL_1}{AL}$
 (2) $\frac{Mg(L_1 - L)}{AL}$
 (3) $\frac{MgL}{AL_1}$
 (4) $\frac{MgL}{A(L_1 - L)}$

180. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency $6\ \text{Hz}$. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to $7\ \text{Hz}$. If the frequency of A is $530\ \text{Hz}$, the original frequency of B will be :

(1) $523\ \text{Hz}$
 (2) $524\ \text{Hz}$
 (3) $536\ \text{Hz}$
 (4) $537\ \text{Hz}$

E4

22

Space For Rough Work



Space For Rough Work

E4

24

Space For Rough Work



Test Booklet Code

HAKAN

No. :

F4

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.**Important Instructions :**

1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **side-1** and **side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are **720**.
3. Use **Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only** for writing particulars on this page/markings responses.
4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
5. **On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.**
6. The CODE for this Booklet is **F4**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. **Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.**
12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
15. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Candidate (in Capitals) : _____

Roll Number : in figures _____

: in words _____

Centre of Examination (in Capitals) : _____

Candidate's Signature : _____ Invigilator's Signature : _____

Facsimile signature stamp of

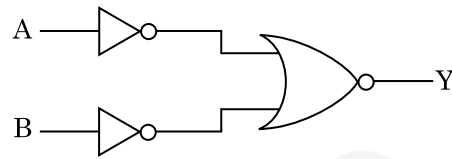
Centre Superintendent : _____

F4

2

1. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii r_1 and r_2 ($r_1 = 1.5 r_2$) through 1 K are in the ratio :
 - (1) $\frac{3}{2}$
 - (2) $\frac{5}{3}$
 - (3) $\frac{27}{8}$
 - (4) $\frac{9}{4}$
2. Find the torque about the origin when a force of $3\hat{j}$ N acts on a particle whose position vector is $2\hat{k}$ m .
 - (1) $-6\hat{i}$ N m
 - (2) $6\hat{k}$ N m
 - (3) $6\hat{i}$ N m
 - (4) $6\hat{j}$ N m
3. For transistor action, which of the following statements is **correct** ?
 - (1) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
 - (2) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
 - (3) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
 - (4) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
4. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is : ($g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$)
 - (1) 320 m
 - (2) 300 m
 - (3) 360 m
 - (4) 340 m
5. The Brewsters angle i_b for an interface should be :
 - (1) $45^\circ < i_b < 90^\circ$
 - (2) $i_b = 90^\circ$
 - (3) $0^\circ < i_b < 30^\circ$
 - (4) $30^\circ < i_b < 45^\circ$

6. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is :



(1)	A	B	Y
	0	0	1
	0	1	1
	1	0	1
	1	1	0
(2)	A	B	Y
	0	0	1
	0	1	0
	1	0	0
	1	1	0
(3)	A	B	Y
	0	0	0
	0	1	0
	1	0	0
	1	1	1
(4)	A	B	Y
	0	0	0
	0	1	1
	1	0	1
	1	1	1

7. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are :
 - (1) semiconductors only
 - (2) insulators and semiconductors
 - (3) metals
 - (4) insulators only
8. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to :
 - (1) both forward bias and reverse bias
 - (2) increase in forward current
 - (3) forward bias only
 - (4) reverse bias only
9. Dimensions of stress are :
 - (1) $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
 - (2) $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
 - (3) $[MLT^{-2}]$
 - (4) $[ML^2T^{-2}]$

10. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of $9.99 \text{ m} - 0.0099 \text{ m}$?
- 9.980 m
 - 9.9 m
 - 9.9801 m
 - 9.98 m
11. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be :
- 536 Hz
 - 537 Hz
 - 523 Hz
 - 524 Hz
12. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ , then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to :
- μA
 - $\frac{\mu A}{2}$
 - $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
 - $\frac{2A}{\mu}$
13. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is $6 \mu\text{F}$. With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes $30 \mu\text{F}$. The permittivity of the medium is :
- ($\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$)
- $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
 - $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
 - $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
 - $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
14. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.
- The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of :
- 67 cm
 - 80 cm
 - 33 cm
 - 50 cm
15. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.
- The pitch of the screw gauge is :
- 0.5 mm
 - 1.0 mm
 - 0.01 mm
 - 0.25 mm
16. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes :
- four times
 - one-fourth
 - double
 - half
17. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m^{-1} . The permeability of the material of the rod is :
- ($\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$)
- $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
 - $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
 - $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
 - $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
18. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is : (c = speed of electromagnetic waves)
- 1 : c
 - 1 : c^2
 - c : 1
 - 1 : 1
19. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is :
- $\frac{\pi}{2}$ rad
 - zero
 - π rad
 - $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ rad

F4

4

20. A wire of length L , area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to L_1 when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is :

- (1) $\frac{MgL}{AL_1}$
- (2) $\frac{MgL}{A(L_1 - L)}$
- (3) $\frac{MgL_1}{AL}$
- (4) $\frac{Mg(L_1 - L)}{AL}$

21. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as :

- (1) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$
- (2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$
- (3) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n \pi d}$
- (4) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n \pi d^2}$

22. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is :

- (1) $1.5 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}$
- (2) $0.5 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}$
- (3) $4.5 \times 10^{16} \text{ J}$
- (4) $4.5 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}$

23. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is $1.227 \times 10^{-2} \text{ nm}$, the potential difference is :

- (1) 10^3 V
- (2) 10^4 V
- (3) 10 V
- (4) 10^2 V

24. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of $16 \times 10^{-9} \text{ C m}$. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is :

- (1) $\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2 \right)$
- (2) 400 V
- (3) zero
- (4) 50 V
- (5) 200 V

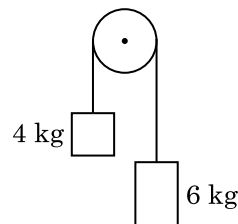
25. A $40 \mu\text{F}$ capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly :

- (1) 2.5 A
- (2) 25.1 A
- (3) 1.7 A
- (4) 2.05 A

26. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is : (k_B is Boltzmann constant and T , absolute temperature)

- (1) $\frac{5}{2} k_B T$
- (2) $\frac{7}{2} k_B T$
- (3) $\frac{1}{2} k_B T$
- (4) $\frac{3}{2} k_B T$

27. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is :



- (1) $g/5$
- (2) $g/10$
- (3) g
- (4) $g/2$

28. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is :

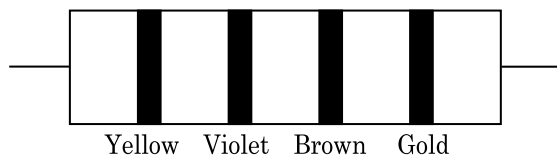
- (1) $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
- (2) $6.00 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
- (3) $3.66 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
- (4) $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$

29. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is : ($R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$)

- (1) 0.1 kg/m^3
- (2) 0.02 kg/m^3
- (3) 0.5 kg/m^3
- (4) 0.2 kg/m^3

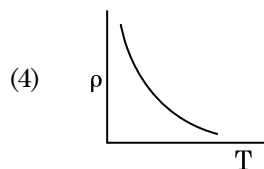
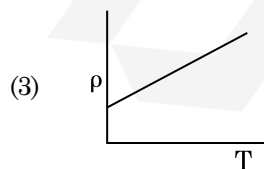
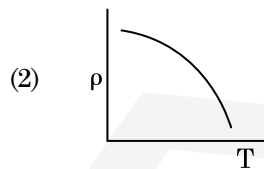
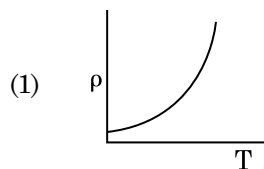
30. The color code of a resistance is given below :



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are :

- (1) 4.7 k Ω , 5%
- (2) 470 Ω , 5%
- (3) 470 k Ω , 5%
- (4) 47 k Ω , 10%

31. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper ?



32. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is :

- (1) isochoric
- (2) isobaric
- (3) isothermal
- (4) adiabatic

33. When a uranium isotope ${}^{235}_{92}\text{U}$ is bombarded with a neutron, it generates ${}^{89}_{36}\text{Kr}$, three neutrons and :

- (1) ${}^{101}_{36}\text{Kr}$
- (2) ${}^{103}_{36}\text{Kr}$
- (3) ${}^{144}_{56}\text{Ba}$
- (4) ${}^{91}_{40}\text{Zr}$

34. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10 Ω resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3 : 2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1 Ω of the resistance wire is :

- (1) $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m}$
- (2) $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$
- (3) $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$
- (4) $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m}$

35. A charged particle having drift velocity of $7.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m s}^{-1}$ in an electric field of $3 \times 10^{-10} \text{ Vm}^{-1}$, has a mobility in $\text{m}^2 \text{ V}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$ of :

- (1) 2.5×10^{-6}
- (2) 2.25×10^{-15}
- (3) 2.25×10^{15}
- (4) 2.5×10^6

36. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm² falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm². The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is :

- (1) $24 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$
- (2) $48 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$
- (3) $10 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$
- (4) $12 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$

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37. For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid ?
- (1) Deuteron atom
 - (2) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne^+)
 - (3) Hydrogen atom
 - (4) Singly ionised helium atom (He^+)
38. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of $3.2 \times 10^{-7} \text{ C}$ distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere ?
- $$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2 \right)$$
- (1) $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$
 - (2) $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$
 - (3) $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
 - (4) $1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$
39. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is 10^{-20} J . This value in eV is nearly :
- (1) 0.06
 - (2) 0.006
 - (3) 6
 - (4) 0.6
40. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m^3 , the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is :
- (1) 1 N/C
 - (2) 5 N/C
 - (3) zero
 - (4) 0.5 N/C
41. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is :
- $$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$
- (1) $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$
 - (2) $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$
 - (3) $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$
 - (4) $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$
42. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled ?
- (1) one-fourth
 - (2) zero
 - (3) doubled
 - (4) four times
43. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h . The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius $2r$ is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is :
- (1) 10.0 g
 - (2) 20.0 g
 - (3) 2.5 g
 - (4) 5.0 g
44. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth ?
- (1) 30 N
 - (2) 24 N
 - (3) 48 N
 - (4) 32 N
45. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is $\frac{\pi}{3}$. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again $\frac{\pi}{3}$ between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is :
- (1) 1.0
 - (2) -1.0
 - (3) zero
 - (4) 0.5
46. The ovary is half inferior in :
- (1) Sunflower
 - (2) Plum
 - (3) Brinjal
 - (4) Mustard

47. Identify the **wrong** statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
- (1) They are useful in genetic engineering.
 - (2) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
 - (3) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
 - (4) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
48. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
- (1) Higher H^+ conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (2) Low pCO_2 in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (3) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O_2 .
 - (4) Partial pressure of CO_2 can interfere with O_2 binding with haemoglobin.
49. In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :
- (1) wind and water
 - (2) insects and water
 - (3) insects or wind
 - (4) water currents only
50. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is 6.6×10^9 bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately :
- (1) 2.2 meters
 - (2) 2.7 meters
 - (3) 2.0 meters
 - (4) 2.5 meters
51. Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during :
- (1) Diplotene
 - (2) Leptotene
 - (3) Pachytene
 - (4) Zygotene
52. Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants :
- | | |
|---------------|---|
| (a) Iron | (i) Photolysis of water |
| (b) Zinc | (ii) Pollen germination |
| (c) Boron | (iii) Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis |
| (d) Manganese | (iv) IAA biosynthesis |
- Select the **correct** option :
- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| (2) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |
| (3) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (4) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
53. The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at :
- (1) Nucellus
 - (2) Chalaza
 - (3) Hilum
 - (4) Micropyle
54. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct** ?
- (1) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
 - (2) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
 - (3) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
 - (4) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
55. Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action ?
- (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
 - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
 - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
 - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
- (1) (b), (c) and (d)
 - (2) only (d)
 - (3) only (a)
 - (4) (a) and (c)

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56. Identify the **correct** statement with reference to human digestive system.
- (1) Ileum is a highly coiled part.
 - (2) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
 - (3) Ileum opens into small intestine.
 - (4) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
57. The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are :
- (1) Ammonia and oxygen
 - (2) Ammonia and hydrogen
 - (3) Ammonia alone
 - (4) Nitrate alone
58. The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features :
- (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
 - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
 - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
 - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.
- Identify the category of plant and its part :
- (1) Dicotyledonous stem
 - (2) Dicotyledonous root
 - (3) Monocotyledonous stem
 - (4) Monocotyledonous root
59. Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by :
- (1) Aschelminthes
 - (2) Annelida
 - (3) Ctenophora
 - (4) Platyhelminthes
60. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from :
- (1) Chondrocytes
 - (2) Compound epithelial cells
 - (3) Squamous epithelial cells
 - (4) Columnar epithelial cells

61. Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population ?
- (1) Mortality
 - (2) Species interaction
 - (3) Sex ratio
 - (4) Natality
62. Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by :
- (1) Charles Darwin
 - (2) Oparin
 - (3) Karl Ernst von Baer
 - (4) Alfred Wallace
63. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals ?
- (1) Lectin
 - (2) Insulin
 - (3) Haemoglobin
 - (4) Collagen
64. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- | Column - I | | Column - II | |
|-----------------|-------|--|--|
| (a) Eosinophils | (i) | Immune response | |
| (b) Basophils | (ii) | Phagocytosis | |
| (c) Neutrophils | (iii) | Release histaminase, destructive enzymes | |
| (d) Lymphocytes | (iv) | Release granules containing histamine | |
- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (2) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| (4) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |
65. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle ?
- (1) Low concentration of LH
 - (2) Low concentration of FSH
 - (3) High concentration of Estrogen
 - (4) High concentration of Progesterone

66. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed :

- (1) Palindromic sequence
- (2) Recognition site
- (3) Selectable marker
- (4) Ori site

67. The plant parts which consist of two generations - one within the other :

- (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
- (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
- (c) Seed inside the fruit
- (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
- (1) (c) and (d)
- (2) (a) and (d)
- (3) (a) only
- (4) (a), (b) and (c)

68. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	<i>Clostridium butylicum</i>	(i)	Cyclosporin-A
(b)	<i>Trichoderma polysporum</i>	(ii)	Butyric Acid
(c)	<i>Monascus purpureus</i>	(iii)	Citric Acid
(d)	<i>Aspergillus niger</i>	(iv)	Blood cholesterol lowering agent

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (2) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| (4) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |

69. The roots that originate from the base of the stem are :

- (1) Prop roots
- (2) Lateral roots
- (3) Fibrous roots
- (4) Primary roots

70. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to the gene 'I' that controls ABO blood groups.

- (1) When I^A and I^B are present together, they express same type of sugar.
- (2) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
- (3) The gene (I) has three alleles.
- (4) A person will have only two of the three alleles.

71. Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis ?

- (1) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
- (2) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
- (3) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
- (4) Reabsorption of Na^+ and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone

72. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of :

- (1) Release of Green House gases
- (2) Disposal of e-wastes
- (3) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
- (4) Emission of ozone depleting substances

73. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed :

- (1) After zygote formation
- (2) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
- (3) Prior to ovulation
- (4) At the time of copulation

74. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams ?

- (1) Cross breeding
- (2) Inbreeding
- (3) Out crossing
- (4) Mutational breeding

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75. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because :

- (1) the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
- (2) the head holds a $\frac{1}{3}$ rd of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
- (3) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
- (4) the cockroach does not have nervous system.

76. Identify the **incorrect** statement.

- (1) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
- (2) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
- (3) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
- (4) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.

77. Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.

- (1) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria
- (2) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
- (3) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
- (4) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes

78. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to immunity.

- (1) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
- (2) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
- (3) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
- (4) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".

79. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	Bt cotton	(i)	Gene therapy
(b)	Adenosine deaminase deficiency	(ii)	Cellular defence
(c)	RNAi	(iii)	Detection of HIV infection
(d)	PCR	(iv)	<i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i>

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)

80. Which of the following statements is **correct** ?

- (1) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
- (2) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
- (3) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
- (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.

81. According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about :

- (1) 50 million
- (2) 7 million
- (3) 1.5 million
- (4) 20 million

82. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their :

- (1) Defence action
- (2) Effect on reproduction
- (3) Nutritive value
- (4) Growth response

83. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae ?

- (1) *Anabaena* and *Volvox*
- (2) *Chlorella* and *Spirulina*
- (3) *Laminaria* and *Sargassum*
- (4) *Gelidium* and *Gracilaria*

84. The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of :

- (1) caseinogen into casein
- (2) pepsinogen into pepsin
- (3) protein into polypeptides
- (4) trypsinogen into trypsin

85. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	6 - 15 pairs of gill slits	(i)	<i>Trygon</i>
(b)	Heterocercal caudal fin	(ii)	Cyclostomes
(c)	Air Bladder	(iii)	Chondrichthyes
(d)	Poison sting	(iv)	Osteichthyes
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)
(2)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)

86. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is :

- (1) Imbibition
- (2) Plasmolysis
- (3) Transpiration
- (4) Root pressure

87. Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment ?

- (1) Effluents of primary treatment
- (2) Activated sludge
- (3) Primary sludge
- (4) Floating debris

88. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	Floating Ribs	(i)	Located between second and seventh ribs
(b)	Acromion	(ii)	Head of the Humerus
(c)	Scapula	(iii)	Clavicle
(d)	Glenoid cavity	(iv)	Do not connect with the sternum

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)
(3)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)
(4)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)

89. Select the correct statement.

- (1) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
- (2) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
- (3) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
- (4) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.

90. Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus ?

- (1) Ketonuria and Glycosuria
- (2) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia
- (3) Uremia and Ketonuria
- (4) Uremia and Renal Calculi

91. Which of the following is correct about viroids ?

- (1) They have DNA with protein coat.
- (2) They have free DNA without protein coat.
- (3) They have RNA with protein coat.
- (4) They have free RNA without protein coat.

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92. How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits ?

- (1) 14
- (2) 8
- (3) 4
- (4) 2

93. Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity ?

- (1) Himalayas
- (2) Amazon forests
- (3) Western Ghats of India
- (4) Madagascar

94. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a) Placenta	(i)	Androgens	
(b) Zona pellucida	(ii)	Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG)	
(c) Bulbo-urethral glands	(iii)	Layer of the ovum	
(d) Leydig cells	(iv)	Lubrication of the Penis	

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)
(4)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)

95. Match the trophic levels with their **correct** species examples in grassland ecosystem.

(a) Fourth trophic level	(i)	Crow
(b) Second trophic level	(ii)	Vulture
(c) First trophic level	(iii)	Rabbit
(d) Third trophic level	(iv)	Grass

Select the **correct** option :

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)

96. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of :

- (1) Industrial melanism
- (2) Natural selection
- (3) Adaptive radiation
- (4) Convergent evolution

97. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is :

- (1) Two
- (2) Three
- (3) Zero
- (4) One

98. Which of the following statements is **not correct** ?

- (1) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
- (2) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in *E-Coli*.
- (3) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
- (4) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.

99. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a) Organ of Corti	(i)	Connects middle ear and pharynx	
(b) Cochlea	(ii)	Coiled part of the labyrinth	
(c) Eustachian tube	(iii)	Attached to the oval window	
(d) Stapes	(iv)	Located on the basilar membrane	

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)
(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)
(4)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)

100. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage (G_0). This process occurs at the end of :

- (1) S phase
- (2) G_2 phase
- (3) M phase
- (4) G_1 phase

101. The process of growth is maximum during :

- (1) Senescence
- (2) Dormancy
- (3) Log phase
- (4) Lag phase

102. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents :

- (1) Depolarisation of ventricles
- (2) Repolarisation of ventricles
- (3) Repolarisation of auricles
- (4) Depolarisation of auricles

103. Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to :

- (1) Plant nematodes
- (2) Insect predators
- (3) Insect pests
- (4) Fungal diseases

104. In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive ?

- (1) ICSI and ZIFT
- (2) GIFT and ICSI
- (3) ZIFT and IUT
- (4) GIFT and ZIFT

105. Floridean starch has structure similar to :

- (1) Mannitol and algin
- (2) Laminarin and cellulose
- (3) Starch and cellulose
- (4) Amylopectin and glycogen

106. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.

- (1) Ethylene
- (2) Abscissic acid
- (3) Cytokinin
- (4) Gibberellin

107. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	Gregarious, polyphagous pest	(i)	<i>Asterias</i>
(b)	Adult with radial symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry	(ii)	Scorpion
(c)	Book lungs	(iii)	<i>Ctenoplane</i>
(d)	Bioluminescence	(iv)	<i>Locusta</i>
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)
(3)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)
(4)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)

108. Which of the following statements are true for the phylum-Chordata ?

- (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
 - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
 - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
 - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
- (1) (a) and (b)
 - (2) (b) and (c)
 - (3) (d) and (c)
 - (4) (c) and (a)

109. The first phase of translation is :

- (1) Aminoacylation of tRNA
- (2) Recognition of an anti-codon
- (3) Binding of mRNA to ribosome
- (4) Recognition of DNA molecule

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110. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.

- (1) Lysine
- (2) Valine
- (3) Tyrosine
- (4) Glutamic Acid

111. The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is :

- (1) Female gametocytes
- (2) Male gametocytes
- (3) Trophozoites
- (4) Sporozoites

112. Identify the **correct** statement with regard to G₁ phase (Gap 1) of interphase.

- (1) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
- (2) Nuclear Division takes place.
- (3) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
- (4) Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.

113. In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from :

- (1) PS-I to NADP⁺
- (2) PS-I to ATP synthase
- (3) PS-II to Cytb₆f complex
- (4) Cytb₆f complex to PS-I

114. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of :

- (1) 1 molecule of 6-C compound
- (2) 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
- (3) 2 molecules of 3-C compound
- (4) 1 molecule of 3-C compound

115. Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells ?

- (1) Golgi bodies
- (2) Polysomes
- (3) Endoplasmic reticulum
- (4) Peroxisomes

116. Match the following :

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| (a) Inhibitor of catalytic activity | (i) Ricin |
| (b) Possess peptide bonds | (ii) Malonate |
| (c) Cell wall material in fungi | (iii) Chitin |
| (d) Secondary metabolite | (iv) Collagen |

Choose the **correct** option from the following :

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (2) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (3) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) |
| (4) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |

117. Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure :

- (1) Cellulose, lecithin
- (2) Inulin, insulin
- (3) Chitin, cholesterol
- (4) Glycerol, trypsin

118. Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by :

- (1) Boveri
- (2) Morgan
- (3) Mendel
- (4) Sutton

119. The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is :

- (1) 5' - CTTAAG - 3'
3' - GAATTC - 5'
- (2) 5' - GGATCC - 3'
3' - CCTAGG - 5'
- (3) 5' - GAATTC - 3'
3' - CTTAAG - 5'
- (4) 5' - GGAACC - 3'
3' - CCTTGG - 5'

120. Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription.

- (1) DNA polymerase
- (2) RNA polymerase
- (3) DNA ligase
- (4) DNA helicase

121. Select the **correct** match.

- | | | | |
|-----|---------------------|---|--|
| (1) | Sickle cell anaemia | - | Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11 |
| (2) | Thalassemia | - | X linked |
| (3) | Haemophilia | - | Y linked |
| (4) | Phenylketonuria | - | Autosomal dominant trait |

122. From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask :

- (1) CH_4 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at 600°C
- (2) CH_3 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at 600°C
- (3) CH_4 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at 800°C
- (4) CH_3 , H_2 , NH_4 and water vapor at 800°C

123. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I				Column - II	
(a)	Pituitary gland			(i)	Grave's disease
(b)	Thyroid gland			(ii)	Diabetes mellitus
(c)	Adrenal gland			(iii)	Diabetes insipidus
(d)	Pancreas			(iv)	Addison's disease
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	
(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	

124. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in :

- (1) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
- (2) eustachian tube
- (3) lining of intestine
- (4) ducts of salivary glands

125. Strobili or cones are found in :

- (1) *Marchantia*
- (2) *Equisetum*
- (3) *Salvinia*
- (4) *Pteris*

126. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to :

- (1) High reflection of light from snow
- (2) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
- (3) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
- (4) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation

127. Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the **correct** option.

Column - I			Column - II	
(a)	Typhoid		(i)	<i>Wuchereria</i>
(b)	Pneumonia		(ii)	<i>Plasmodium</i>
(c)	Filariasis		(iii)	<i>Salmonella</i>
(d)	Malaria		(iv)	<i>Haemophilus</i>
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)
(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(3)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)

128. Choose the **correct** pair from the following :

- | | | | |
|-----|--------------|---|--|
| (1) | Nucleases | - | Separate the two strands of DNA |
| (2) | Exonucleases | - | Make cuts at specific positions within DNA |
| (3) | Ligases | - | Join the two DNA molecules |
| (4) | Polymerases | - | Break the DNA into fragments |

129. Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect** ?

- (1) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
- (2) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
- (3) They are not bound by any membrane.
- (4) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.

130. Select the **correct** events that occur during inspiration.

- (a) Contraction of diaphragm
- (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
- (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
- (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
- (1) (a), (b) and (d)
- (2) only (d)
- (3) (a) and (b)
- (4) (c) and (d)

131. Ray florets have :

- (1) Hypogynous ovary
- (2) Half inferior ovary
- (3) Inferior ovary
- (4) Superior ovary

132. Match the organism with its use in biotechnology.

- | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| (a) <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> | (i) | Cloning vector |
| (b) <i>Thermus aquaticus</i> | (ii) | Construction of first rDNA molecule |
| (c) <i>Agrobacterium tumefaciens</i> | (iii) | DNA polymerase |
| (d) <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> | (iv) | Cry proteins |

Select the **correct** option from the following :

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (2) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (3) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) |
| (4) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |

133. Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy ?

- (1) Phenolic acid
- (2) Para-ascorbic acid
- (3) Gibberellic acid
- (4) Abscissic acid

134. Match the following with respect to meiosis :

- | | | |
|----------------|-------|-----------------|
| (a) Zygotene | (i) | Terminalization |
| (b) Pachytene | (ii) | Chiasmata |
| (c) Diplotene | (iii) | Crossing over |
| (d) Diakinesis | (iv) | Synapsis |

Select the **correct** option from the following :

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (2) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (4) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |

135. In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of :

- (1) Acetocarmine in UV radiation
- (2) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
- (3) Acetocarmine in bright blue light
- (4) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation

136. Which of the following is a natural polymer ?

- (1) polybutadiene
- (2) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
- (3) *cis*-1,4-polyisoprene
- (4) poly (Butadiene-styrene)

137. On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be :

- (1) H₂S gas
- (2) SO₂ gas
- (3) Hydrogen gas
- (4) Oxygen gas

138. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is :

- (1) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- (2) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- (3) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- (4) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$

139. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is :

- (1) $q < 0$, $\Delta T = 0$ and $w = 0$
- (2) $q > 0$, $\Delta T > 0$ and $w > 0$
- (3) $q = 0$, $\Delta T = 0$ and $w = 0$
- (4) $q = 0$, $\Delta T < 0$ and $w > 0$

140. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment ?

- (1) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- (2) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
- (3) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
- (4) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene

141. A mixture of N_2 and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of N_2 and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N_2 is :

[Use atomic masses (in $g\ mol^{-1}$) : N = 14, Ar = 40]

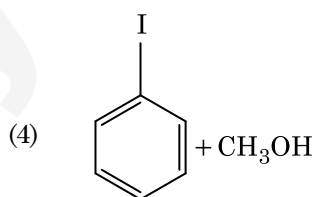
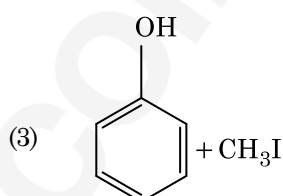
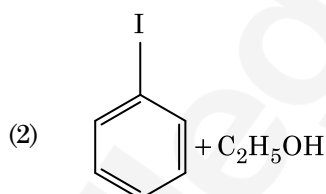
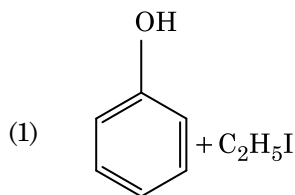
- (1) 15 bar
- (2) 18 bar
- (3) 9 bar
- (4) 12 bar

142. Identify the **correct** statements from the following :

- (a) $CO_2(g)$ is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
- (b) The structure of C_{60} contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
- (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
- (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.

- (1) (b) and (c) only
- (2) (c) and (d) only
- (3) (a), (b) and (c) only
- (4) (a) and (c) only

143. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives :



144. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is :

- (1) Acetone + Chloroform
- (2) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
- (3) Ethanol + Acetone
- (4) Benzene + Toluene

145. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds ?

- (1) $F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
- (2) $CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$
- (3) $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
- (4) $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$

146. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms ?

- (1) 1 g of $O_2(g)$ [Atomic mass of O = 16]
- (2) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
- (3) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
- (4) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]

147. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction ?

- (1) n-Heptane
- (2) n-Butane
- (3) n-Hexane
- (4) 2,3-Dimethylbutane

148. Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide ?

- (1) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
- (2) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
- (3) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
- (4) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.

149. For the reaction, $2\text{Cl(g)} \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2\text{(g)}$, the **correct** option is :

- (1) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
- (2) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
- (3) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
- (4) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$

150. Match the following and identify the **correct** option.

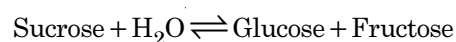
- | | |
|---|---|
| (a) $\text{CO(g)} + \text{H}_2\text{(g)}$ | (i) $\text{Mg(HCO}_3)_2 + \text{Ca(HCO}_3)_2$ |
| (b) Temporary hardness of water | (ii) An electron deficient hydride |
| (c) B_2H_6 | (iii) Synthesis gas |
| (d) H_2O_2 | (iv) Non-planar structure |

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|------|
| (1) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| (2) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (3) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (4) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |

151. Urea reacts with water to form **A** which will decompose to form **B**. **B** when passed through Cu^{2+} (aq), deep blue colour solution **C** is formed. What is the formula of **C** from the following ?

- (1) Cu(OH)_2
- (2) $\text{CuCO}_3 \cdot \text{Cu(OH)}_2$
- (3) CuSO_4
- (4) $[\text{Cu(NH}_3)_4]^{2+}$

152. Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.



If the equilibrium constant (K_c) is 2×10^{13} at 300 K, the value of $\Delta_r G^\ominus$ at the same temperature will be :

- (1) $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (2) $-8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- (3) $-8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (4) $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$

153. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of Cr^{2+} ion is :

- (1) 5.92 BM
- (2) 2.84 BM
- (3) 3.87 BM
- (4) 4.90 BM

154. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution ?

- (1) Stability of the colloidal particles
- (2) Size of the colloidal particles
- (3) Viscosity
- (4) Solubility

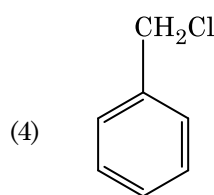
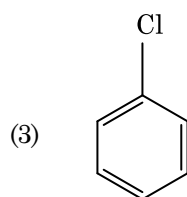
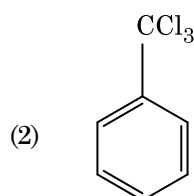
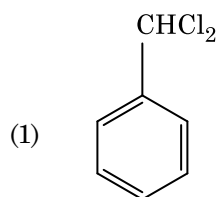
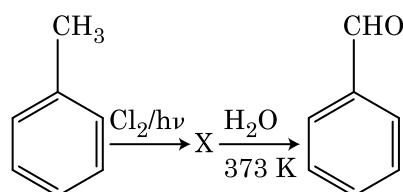
155. Which of the following is a cationic detergent ?

- (1) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
- (2) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
- (3) Sodium lauryl sulphate
- (4) Sodium stearate

156. Find out the solubility of Ni(OH)_2 in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of Ni(OH)_2 is 2×10^{-15} .

- (1) $1 \times 10^{-13} \text{ M}$
- (2) $1 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M}$
- (3) $2 \times 10^{-13} \text{ M}$
- (4) $2 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M}$

157. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions :



158. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.

- (1) Calcium
- (2) Potassium
- (3) Iron
- (4) Copper

159. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :

- (1) threshold energy
- (2) collision frequency
- (3) activation energy
- (4) heat of reaction

160. The rate constant for a first order reaction is $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is :

- (1) 500 s
- (2) 1000 s
- (3) 100 s
- (4) 200 s

161. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten CaCl_2 (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol^{-1}) is :

- (1) 3
- (2) 4
- (3) 1
- (4) 2

162. Identify the **correct** statement from the following :

- (1) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
- (2) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
- (3) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
- (4) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO_2 .

163. Identify a molecule which does **not** exist.

- (1) C_2
- (2) O_2
- (3) He_2
- (4) Li_2

164. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following ?

- (1) – R effect of $-\text{CH}_3$ groups
- (2) Hyperconjugation
- (3) – I effect of $-\text{CH}_3$ groups
- (4) + R effect of $-\text{CH}_3$ groups

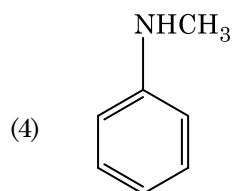
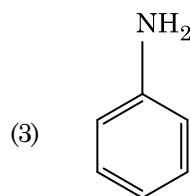
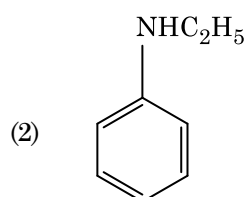
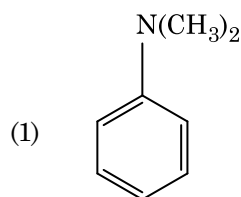
165. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl_2 , MgCl_2 and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s) ?

- (1) Only MgCl_2
- (2) NaCl, MgCl_2 and CaCl_2
- (3) Both MgCl_2 and CaCl_2
- (4) Only NaCl

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166. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test ?



167. Identify the **incorrect** match.

Name	IUPAC Official Name
(a) Unnilunium	(i) Mendelevium
(b) Unniltrium	(ii) Lawrencium
(c) Unnilhexium	(iii) Seaborgium
(d) Unununnium	(iv) Darmstadtium
(1) (c), (iii)	
(2) (d), (iv)	
(3) (a), (i)	
(4) (b), (ii)	

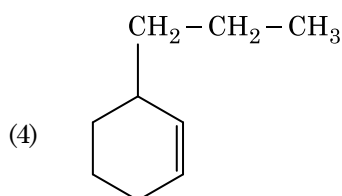
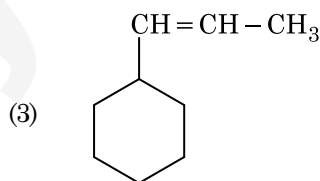
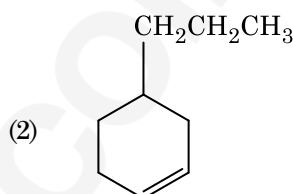
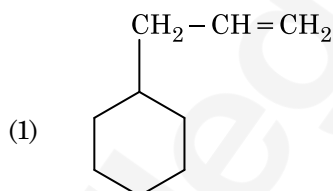
168. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give :

- (1) Tert. butyl alcohol
- (2) Isobutyl alcohol
- (3) Isopropyl alcohol
- (4) Sec. butyl alcohol

169. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives :

- (1) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Fructose
- (2) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose
- (3) β -D-Glucose + α -D-Fructose
- (4) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Glucose

170. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is :



171. Identify the **incorrect** statement.

- (1) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
- (2) The oxidation states of chromium in CrO_4^{2-} and $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$ are not the same.
- (3) Cr^{2+} (d^4) is a stronger reducing agent than Fe^{2+} (d^6) in water.
- (4) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.

172. Which of the following is a basic amino acid ?

- (1) Tyrosine
- (2) Lysine
- (3) Serine
- (4) Alanine

173. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has – O – O – linkage ?

- (1) $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_8$, peroxodisulphuric acid
- (2) $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_7$, pyrosulphuric acid
- (3) H_2SO_3 , sulphurous acid
- (4) H_2SO_4 , sulphuric acid

174. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is :

- (a) β -Elimination reaction
- (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
- (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
- (d) Dehydration reaction

- (1) (b), (c), (d)
- (2) (a), (b), (d)
- (3) (a), (b), (c)
- (4) (a), (c), (d)

175. Match the following :

Oxide		Nature	
(a)	CO	(i)	Basic
(b)	BaO	(ii)	Neutral
(c)	Al_2O_3	(iii)	Acidic
(d)	Cl_2O_7	(iv)	Amphoteric

Which of the following is **correct** option ?

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (2) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (3) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (4) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |

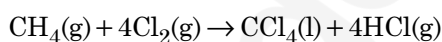
176. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is $5.12 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places) :

- (1) 0.40 K
- (2) 0.60 K
- (3) 0.20 K
- (4) 0.80 K

177. Paper chromatography is an example of :

- (1) Thin layer chromatography
- (2) Column chromatography
- (3) Adsorption chromatography
- (4) Partition chromatography

178. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction ?



- (1) – 4 to + 4
- (2) 0 to – 4
- (3) + 4 to + 4
- (4) 0 to + 4

179. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as :

- (1) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
- (2) Cross Aldol condensation
- (3) Aldol condensation
- (4) Cannizzaro's reaction

180. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in $^{175}_{71}\text{Lu}$, respectively, are :

- (1) 71, 71 and 104
- (2) 175, 104 and 71
- (3) 71, 104 and 71
- (4) 104, 71 and 71

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F4

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Space For Rough Work



Space For Rough Work

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Space For Rough Work



Test Booklet Code

HAKAN

No. :

G4

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.**Important Instructions :**

1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **side-1** and **side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are **720**.
3. Use **Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only** for writing particulars on this page/markings responses.
4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
5. **On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.**
6. The CODE for this Booklet is **G4**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. **Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.**
12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
15. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Candidate (in Capitals) : _____

Roll Number : in figures _____

: in words _____

Centre of Examination (in Capitals) : _____

Candidate's Signature : _____ Invigilator's Signature : _____

Facsimile signature stamp of

Centre Superintendent : _____

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1. Strobili or cones are found in :
 - (1) *Pteris*
 - (2) *Marchantia*
 - (3) *Equisetum*
 - (4) *Salvinia*

2. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents :
 - (1) Depolarisation of auricles
 - (2) Depolarisation of ventricles
 - (3) Repolarisation of ventricles
 - (4) Repolarisation of auricles

3. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a) Placenta		(i) Androgens	
(b) Zona pellucida		(ii) Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG)	
(c) Bulbo-urethral glands		(iii) Layer of the ovum	
(d) Leydig cells		(iv) Lubrication of the Penis	

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)
(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)
(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)

4. In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive ?
 - (1) GIFT and ZIFT
 - (2) ICSI and ZIFT
 - (3) GIFT and ICSI
 - (4) ZIFT and IUT

5. Select the **correct** match.

(1) Phenylketonuria	-	Autosomal dominant trait
(2) Sickle cell anaemia	-	Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11
(3) Thalassemia	-	X linked
(4) Haemophilia	-	Y linked

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6. Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during :
 - (1) Zygotene
 - (2) Diplotene
 - (3) Leptotene
 - (4) Pachytene

7. Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population ?
 - (1) Natality
 - (2) Mortality
 - (3) Species interaction
 - (4) Sex ratio

8. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle ?
 - (1) High concentration of Progesterone
 - (2) Low concentration of LH
 - (3) Low concentration of FSH
 - (4) High concentration of Estrogen

9. Identify the **correct** statement with reference to human digestive system.
 - (1) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
 - (2) Ileum is a highly coiled part.
 - (3) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
 - (4) Ileum opens into small intestine.

10. Identify the **incorrect** statement.
 - (1) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
 - (2) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
 - (3) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
 - (4) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.

11. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from :
 - (1) Columnar epithelial cells
 - (2) Chondrocytes
 - (3) Compound epithelial cells
 - (4) Squamous epithelial cells

12. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to :
- (1) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
 - (2) High reflection of light from snow
 - (3) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
 - (4) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
13. The process of growth is maximum during :
- (1) Lag phase
 - (2) Senescence
 - (3) Dormancy
 - (4) Log phase
14. From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask :
- (1) CH_3 , H_2 , NH_4 and water vapor at 800°C
 - (2) CH_4 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at 600°C
 - (3) CH_3 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at 600°C
 - (4) CH_4 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at 800°C
15. The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is :
- (1) Sporozoites
 - (2) Female gametocytes
 - (3) Male gametocytes
 - (4) Trophozoites
16. Which of the following statements is **correct** ?
- (1) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
 - (2) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
 - (3) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
 - (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.

17. Choose the **correct** pair from the following :
- (1) Polymerases - Break the DNA into fragments
 - (2) Nucleases - Separate the two strands of DNA
 - (3) Exonucleases - Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
 - (4) Ligases - Join the two DNA molecules
18. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because :
- (1) the cockroach does not have nervous system.
 - (2) the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
 - (3) the head holds a $1/3^{\text{rd}}$ of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
 - (4) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
19. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage (G_0). This process occurs at the end of :
- (1) G_1 phase
 - (2) S phase
 - (3) G_2 phase
 - (4) M phase
20. The ovary is half inferior in :
- (1) Mustard
 - (2) Sunflower
 - (3) Plum
 - (4) Brinjal
21. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed :
- (1) Ori site
 - (2) Palindromic sequence
 - (3) Recognition site
 - (4) Selectable marker

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22. In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :
- (1) water currents only
 - (2) wind and water
 - (3) insects and water
 - (4) insects or wind

23. Match the organism with its use in biotechnology.
- | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| (a) <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> | (i) Cloning vector |
| (b) <i>Thermus aquaticus</i> | (ii) Construction of first rDNA molecule |
| (c) <i>Agrobacterium tumefaciens</i> | (iii) DNA polymerase |
| (d) <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> | (iv) Cry proteins |

Select the **correct** option from the following :

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |
| (2) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (4) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) |

24. Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription.
- (1) DNA helicase
 - (2) DNA polymerase
 - (3) RNA polymerase
 - (4) DNA ligase

25. Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the **correct** option.

- | Column - I | | Column - II | |
|----------------|-------|--------------------|--|
| (a) Typhoid | (i) | <i>Wuchereria</i> | |
| (b) Pneumonia | (ii) | <i>Plasmodium</i> | |
| (c) Filariasis | (iii) | <i>Salmonella</i> | |
| (d) Malaria | (iv) | <i>Haemophilus</i> | |
-
- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (2) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (3) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |
| (4) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |

26. The first phase of translation is :

- (1) Recognition of DNA molecule
- (2) Aminoacylation of tRNA
- (3) Recognition of an anti-codon
- (4) Binding of mRNA to ribosome

27. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed :

- (1) At the time of copulation
- (2) After zygote formation
- (3) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
- (4) Prior to ovulation

28. In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of :

- (1) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
- (2) Acetocarmine in UV radiation
- (3) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
- (4) Acetocarmine in bright blue light

29. Identify the **correct** statement with regard to G₁ phase (Gap 1) of interphase.

- (1) Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
- (2) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
- (3) Nuclear Division takes place.
- (4) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.

30. Ray florets have :

- (1) Superior ovary
- (2) Hypogynous ovary
- (3) Half inferior ovary
- (4) Inferior ovary

31. Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by :

- (1) Platyhelminthes
- (2) Aschelminthes
- (3) Annelida
- (4) Ctenophora

32. Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure :

- (1) Glycerol, trypsin
- (2) Cellulose, lecithin
- (3) Inulin, insulin
- (4) Chitin, cholesterol

33. Select the **correct** events that occur during inspiration.

- (a) Contraction of diaphragm
- (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
- (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
- (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
- (1) (c) and (d)
- (2) (a), (b) and (d)
- (3) only (d)
- (4) (a) and (b)

34. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae ?

- (1) *Gelidium* and *Gracilaria*
- (2) *Anabaena* and *Volvox*
- (3) *Chlorella* and *Spirulina*
- (4) *Laminaria* and *Sargassum*

35. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a) Eosinophils	(i)	Immune response	
(b) Basophils	(ii)	Phagocytosis	
(c) Neutrophils	(iii)	Release histaminase, destructive enzymes	
(d) Lymphocytes	(iv)	Release granules containing histamine	

- | | | | | |
|-----|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (1) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |
| (2) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (3) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |

36. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of :

- (1) Convergent evolution
- (2) Industrial melanism
- (3) Natural selection
- (4) Adaptive radiation

37. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in :

- (1) ducts of salivary glands
- (2) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
- (3) eustachian tube
- (4) lining of intestine

38. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a) 6 - 15 pairs of gill slits	(i)	<i>Trygon</i>	
(b) Heterocercal caudal fin	(ii)	Cyclostomes	
(c) Air Bladder	(iii)	Chondrichthyes	
(d) Poison sting	(iv)	Osteichthyes	

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(2)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)
(3)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)

39. The plant parts which consist of two generations - one within the other :

- (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
- (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
- (c) Seed inside the fruit
- (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
- (1) (a), (b) and (c)
- (2) (c) and (d)
- (3) (a) and (d)
- (4) (a) only

40. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of :

- (1) Emission of ozone depleting substances
- (2) Release of Green House gases
- (3) Disposal of e-wastes
- (4) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another

41. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals ?

- (1) Collagen
- (2) Lectin
- (3) Insulin
- (4) Haemoglobin

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42. The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is :
- (1) 5' - GGAACC - 3'
3' - CCTTGG - 5'
 - (2) 5' - CTTAAG - 3'
3' - GAATTC - 5'
 - (3) 5' - GGATCC - 3'
3' - CCTAGG - 5'
 - (4) 5' - GAATTC - 3'
3' - CTTAAG - 5'
43. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is 6.6×10^9 bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately :
- (1) 2.5 meters
 - (2) 2.2 meters
 - (3) 2.7 meters
 - (4) 2.0 meters
44. The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are :
- (1) Nitrate alone
 - (2) Ammonia and oxygen
 - (3) Ammonia and hydrogen
 - (4) Ammonia alone
45. Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action ?
- (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
 - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
 - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
 - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
- (1) (a) and (c)
 - (2) (b), (c) and (d)
 - (3) only (d)
 - (4) only (a)
46. Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity ?
- (1) Madagascar
 - (2) Himalayas
 - (3) Amazon forests
 - (4) Western Ghats of India

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47. Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells ?
- (1) Peroxisomes
 - (2) Golgi bodies
 - (3) Polysomes
 - (4) Endoplasmic reticulum
48. How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits ?
- (1) 2
 - (2) 14
 - (3) 8
 - (4) 4
49. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- | Column - I | | Column - II | |
|--------------------|-------|---|--|
| (a) Floating Ribs | (i) | Located between second and seventh ribs | |
| (b) Acromion | (ii) | Head of the Humerus | |
| (c) Scapula | (iii) | Clavicle | |
| (d) Glenoid cavity | (iv) | Do not connect with the sternum | |
- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (2) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (3) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |
| (4) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) |
50. Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
- (1) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
 - (2) AIDS, Malaria, Filariasis
 - (3) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
 - (4) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
51. Identify the **wrong** statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
- (1) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
 - (2) They are useful in genetic engineering.
 - (3) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
 - (4) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.

52. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	<i>Clostridium butylicum</i>	(i)	Cyclosporin-A
(b)	<i>Trichoderma polysporum</i>	(ii)	Butyric Acid
(c)	<i>Monascus purpureus</i>	(iii)	Citric Acid
(d)	<i>Aspergillus niger</i>	(iv)	Blood cholesterol lowering agent

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)

53. Match the following with respect to meiosis :

(a)	Zygotene	(i)	Terminalization
(b)	Pachytene	(ii)	Chiasmata
(c)	Diplotene	(iii)	Crossing over
(d)	Diakinesis	(iv)	Synapsis

Select the **correct** option from the following :

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)
(3)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)

54. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to transport of oxygen.

- (1) Partial pressure of CO_2 can interfere with O_2 binding with haemoglobin.
- (2) Higher H^+ conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
- (3) Low pCO_2 in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
- (4) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O_2 .

55. Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis ?

- (1) Reabsorption of Na^+ and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone
- (2) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
- (3) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
- (4) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH

56. Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect** ?

- (1) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
- (2) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
- (3) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
- (4) They are not bound by any membrane.

57. Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to :

- (1) Fungal diseases
- (2) Plant nematodes
- (3) Insect predators
- (4) Insect pests

58. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams ?

- (1) Mutational breeding
- (2) Cross breeding
- (3) Inbreeding
- (4) Out crossing

59. Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata ?

- (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
- (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
- (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
- (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.

- (1) (c) and (a)
- (2) (a) and (b)
- (3) (b) and (c)
- (4) (d) and (c)

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60. Select the **correct** statement.

- (1) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
- (2) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
- (3) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
- (4) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.

61. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	Gregarious, polyphagous pest	(i)	<i>Asterias</i>
(b)	Adult with radial symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry	(ii)	Scorpion
(c)	Book lungs	(iii)	<i>Ctenoplane</i>
(d)	Bioluminescence	(iv)	<i>Locusta</i>

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (1) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |
| (2) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (3) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (4) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |

62. Match the trophic levels with their **correct** species examples in grassland ecosystem.

(a)	Fourth trophic level	(i)	Crow
(b)	Second trophic level	(ii)	Vulture
(c)	First trophic level	(iii)	Rabbit
(d)	Third trophic level	(iv)	Grass

Select the **correct** option :

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (1) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (2) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (3) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (4) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |

63. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.

- (1) Gibberellin
- (2) Ethylene
- (3) Absciscic acid
- (4) Cytokinin

64. Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy ?

- (1) Absciscic acid
- (2) Phenolic acid
- (3) Para-ascorbic acid
- (4) Gibberellic acid

65. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct** ?

- (1) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
- (2) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
- (3) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
- (4) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.

66. The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of :

- (1) trypsinogen into trypsin
- (2) caseinogen into casein
- (3) pepsinogen into pepsin
- (4) protein into polypeptides

67. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	Bt cotton	(i)	Gene therapy
(b)	Adenosine deaminase deficiency	(ii)	Cellular defence
(c)	RNAi	(iii)	Detection of HIV infection
(d)	PCR	(iv)	<i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i>

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| (1) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (2) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (3) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (4) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |

68. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.

- (1) Glutamic Acid
- (2) Lysine
- (3) Valine
- (4) Tyrosine

69. Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants :

- | | |
|---------------|---|
| (a) Iron | (i) Photolysis of water |
| (b) Zinc | (ii) Pollen germination |
| (c) Boron | (iii) Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis |
| (d) Manganese | (iv) IAA biosynthesis |

Select the **correct** option :

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (2) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| (3) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |
| (4) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |

70. Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus ?

- (1) Uremia and Renal Calculi
- (2) Ketonuria and Glycosuria
- (3) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia
- (4) Uremia and Ketonuria

71. Which of the following is **correct** about viroids ?

- (1) They have free RNA without protein coat.
- (2) They have DNA with protein coat.
- (3) They have free DNA without protein coat.
- (4) They have RNA with protein coat.

72. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

- | Column - I | | Column - II | |
|---------------------|-------|---------------------------------|--|
| (a) Organ of Corti | (i) | Connects middle ear and pharynx | |
| (b) Cochlea | (ii) | Coiled part of the labyrinth | |
| (c) Eustachian tube | (iii) | Attached to the oval window | |
| (d) Stapes | (iv) | Located on the basilar membrane | |

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |
| (2) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) |
| (3) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (4) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) |

73. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their :

- (1) Growth response
- (2) Defence action
- (3) Effect on reproduction
- (4) Nutritive value

74. According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about :

- (1) 20 million
- (2) 50 million
- (3) 7 million
- (4) 1.5 million

75. The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at :

- (1) Micropyle
- (2) Nucellus
- (3) Chalaza
- (4) Hilum

76. Which of the following statements is **not correct** ?

- (1) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
- (2) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
- (3) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in *E-Coli*.
- (4) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.

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77. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to immunity.
- (1) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
 - (2) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
 - (3) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
 - (4) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
78. The roots that originate from the base of the stem are :
- (1) Primary roots
 - (2) Prop roots
 - (3) Lateral roots
 - (4) Fibrous roots
79. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is :
- (1) One
 - (2) Two
 - (3) Three
 - (4) Zero
80. Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by :
- (1) Sutton
 - (2) Boveri
 - (3) Morgan
 - (4) Mendel
81. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is :
- (1) Root pressure
 - (2) Imbibition
 - (3) Plasmolysis
 - (4) Transpiration
82. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of :
- (1) 1 molecule of 3-C compound
 - (2) 1 molecule of 6-C compound
 - (3) 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
 - (4) 2 molecules of 3-C compound
83. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to the gene 'I' that controls ABO blood groups.
- (1) A person will have only two of the three alleles.
 - (2) When I^A and I^B are present together, they express same type of sugar.
 - (3) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
 - (4) The gene (I) has three alleles.
84. Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment ?
- (1) Floating debris
 - (2) Effluents of primary treatment
 - (3) Activated sludge
 - (4) Primary sludge
85. Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by :
- (1) Alfred Wallace
 - (2) Charles Darwin
 - (3) Oparin
 - (4) Karl Ernst von Baer
86. Floridean starch has structure similar to :
- (1) Amylopectin and glycogen
 - (2) Mannitol and algin
 - (3) Laminarin and cellulose
 - (4) Starch and cellulose

87. Match the following :

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| (a) Inhibitor of catalytic activity | (i) Ricin |
| (b) Possess peptide bonds | (ii) Malonate |
| (c) Cell wall material in fungi | (iii) Chitin |
| (d) Secondary metabolite | (iv) Collagen |

Choose the **correct** option from the following :

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |
| (2) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (3) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (4) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) |

88. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

- | Column - I | | Column - II | |
|---------------------|-------|--------------------|--|
| (a) Pituitary gland | (i) | Grave's disease | |
| (b) Thyroid gland | (ii) | Diabetes mellitus | |
| (c) Adrenal gland | (iii) | Diabetes insipidus | |
| (d) Pancreas | (iv) | Addison's disease | |

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (2) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |
| (3) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (4) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |

89. The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features :

- Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
- Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
- Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
- Phloem parenchyma absent.

Identify the category of plant and its part :

- Monocotyledonous root
- Dicotyledonous stem
- Dicotyledonous root
- Monocotyledonous stem

90. In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from :

- Cy₆f complex to PS-I
- PS-I to NADP⁺
- PS-I to ATP synthase
- PS-II to Cy₆f complex

91. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is :

- 1.83×10^{-7} rad
- 7.32×10^{-7} rad
- 6.00×10^{-7} rad
- 3.66×10^{-7} rad

92. When a uranium isotope $^{235}_{92}\text{U}$ is bombarded with a neutron, it generates $^{89}_{36}\text{Kr}$, three neutrons and :

- $^{91}_{40}\text{Zr}$
- $^{101}_{36}\text{Kr}$
- $^{103}_{36}\text{Kr}$
- $^{144}_{56}\text{Ba}$

93. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of 16×10^{-9} C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is :

- $$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2 \right)$$
- 200 V
 - 400 V
 - zero
 - 50 V

94. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ , then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to :

- $\frac{2A}{\mu}$
- μA
- $\frac{\mu A}{2}$
- $\frac{A}{2\mu}$

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95. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth ?
- 32 N
 - 30 N
 - 24 N
 - 48 N
96. For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid ?
- Singly ionised helium atom (He^+)
 - Deuteron atom
 - Singly ionised neon atom (Ne^+)
 - Hydrogen atom
97. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h . The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius $2r$ is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is :
- 5.0 g
 - 10.0 g
 - 20.0 g
 - 2.5 g
98. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale. The pitch of the screw gauge is :
- 0.25 mm
 - 0.5 mm
 - 1.0 mm
 - 0.01 mm
99. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m^{-1} . The permeability of the material of the rod is :
- ($\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$)
- $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
 - $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
 - $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
 - $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
100. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is :
- $\frac{3\pi}{2} \text{ rad}$
 - $\frac{\pi}{2} \text{ rad}$
 - zero
 - $\pi \text{ rad}$
101. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is :
- $4.5 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}$
 - $1.5 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}$
 - $0.5 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}$
 - $4.5 \times 10^{16} \text{ J}$
102. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10Ω resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3 : 2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1Ω of the resistance wire is :
- $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m}$
 - $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m}$
 - $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$
 - $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$
103. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is : (k_B is Boltzmann constant and T , absolute temperature)
- $\frac{3}{2} k_B T$
 - $\frac{5}{2} k_B T$
 - $\frac{7}{2} k_B T$
 - $\frac{1}{2} k_B T$
104. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is : (c = speed of electromagnetic waves)
- 1 : 1
 - 1 : c
 - 1 : c^2
 - c : 1

105. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is : ($g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$)

(1) 340 m
(2) 320 m
(3) 300 m
(4) 360 m

106. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is :

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

(1) $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$
(2) $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$
(3) $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$
(4) $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$

107. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of $9.99 \text{ m} - 0.0099 \text{ m}$?

(1) 9.98 m
(2) 9.980 m
(3) 9.9 m
(4) 9.9801 m

108. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled ?

(1) four times
(2) one-fourth
(3) zero
(4) doubled

109. The color code of a resistance is given below :



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are :

(1) 47 k Ω , 10%
(2) 4.7 k Ω , 5%
(3) 470 Ω , 5%
(4) 470 k Ω , 5%

110. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of :

(1) 50 cm
(2) 67 cm
(3) 80 cm
(4) 33 cm

111. For transistor action, which of the following statements is **correct** ?

(1) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
(2) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
(3) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
(4) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.

112. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as :

(1) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n \pi d^2}$
(2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$
(3) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$
(4) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n \pi d}$

113. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is : ($R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$)

(1) 0.2 kg/m³
(2) 0.1 kg/m³
(3) 0.02 kg/m³
(4) 0.5 kg/m³

114. A charged particle having drift velocity of $7.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m s}^{-1}$ in an electric field of $3 \times 10^{-10} \text{ V m}^{-1}$, has a mobility in $\text{m}^2 \text{ V}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$ of :

(1) 2.5×10^6
(2) 2.5×10^{-6}
(3) 2.25×10^{-15}
(4) 2.25×10^{15}

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115. Dimensions of stress are :

- (1) $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
- (2) $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
- (3) $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
- (4) $[MLT^{-2}]$

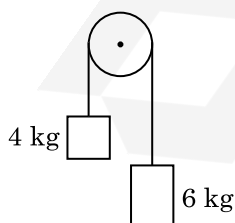
116. A wire of length L , area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to L_1 when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is :

- (1) $\frac{Mg(L_1 - L)}{AL}$
- (2) $\frac{MgL}{AL_1}$
- (3) $\frac{MgL}{A(L_1 - L)}$
- (4) $\frac{MgL_1}{AL}$

117. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be :

- (1) 524 Hz
- (2) 536 Hz
- (3) 537 Hz
- (4) 523 Hz

118. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is :



- (1) $g/2$
- (2) $g/5$
- (3) $g/10$
- (4) g

119. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is $6 \mu F$. With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes $30 \mu F$. The permittivity of the medium is :

- $(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} C^2 N^{-1} m^{-2})$
- (1) $1.77 \times 10^{-12} C^2 N^{-1} m^{-2}$
 - (2) $0.44 \times 10^{-10} C^2 N^{-1} m^{-2}$
 - (3) $5.00 C^2 N^{-1} m^{-2}$
 - (4) $0.44 \times 10^{-13} C^2 N^{-1} m^{-2}$

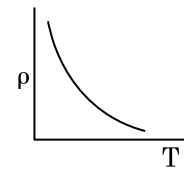
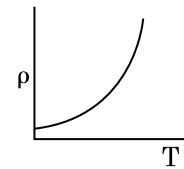
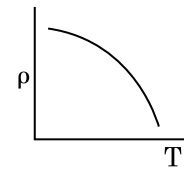
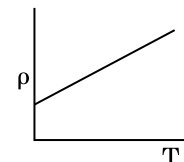
120. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes :

- (1) half
- (2) four times
- (3) one-fourth
- (4) double

121. Light with an average flux of $20 W/cm^2$ falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area $20 cm^2$. The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is :

- (1) $12 \times 10^3 J$
- (2) $24 \times 10^3 J$
- (3) $48 \times 10^3 J$
- (4) $10 \times 10^3 J$

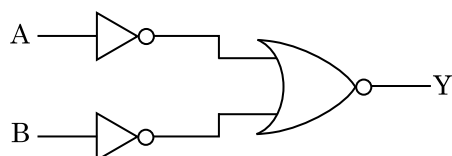
122. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper ?

- (1) 
- (2) 
- (3) 
- (4) 

- 123.** The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii r_1 and r_2 ($r_1 = 1.5 r_2$) through 1 K are in the ratio :
- (1) $\frac{9}{4}$
 - (2) $\frac{3}{2}$
 - (3) $\frac{5}{3}$
 - (4) $\frac{27}{8}$
- 124.** Find the torque about the origin when a force of $3\hat{j}$ N acts on a particle whose position vector is $2\hat{k}$ m .
- (1) $6\hat{j}$ N m
 - (2) $-6\hat{i}$ N m
 - (3) $6\hat{k}$ N m
 - (4) $6\hat{i}$ N m
- 125.** In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m^3 , the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is :
- (1) 0.5 N/C
 - (2) 1 N/C
 - (3) 5 N/C
 - (4) zero
- 126.** The Brewsters angle i_b for an interface should be :
- (1) $30^\circ < i_b < 45^\circ$
 - (2) $45^\circ < i_b < 90^\circ$
 - (3) $i_b = 90^\circ$
 - (4) $0^\circ < i_b < 30^\circ$
- 127.** The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to :
- (1) reverse bias only
 - (2) both forward bias and reverse bias
 - (3) increase in forward current
 - (4) forward bias only
- 128.** A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of $3.2 \times 10^{-7} \text{ C}$ distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere ?
- $$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2 \right)$$
- (1) $1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$
 - (2) $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$
 - (3) $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$
 - (4) $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
- 129.** The energy required to break one bond in DNA is 10^{-20} J . This value in eV is nearly :
- (1) 0.6
 - (2) 0.06
 - (3) 0.006
 - (4) 6
- 130.** A $40 \mu\text{F}$ capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly :
- (1) 2.05 A
 - (2) 2.5 A
 - (3) 25.1 A
 - (4) 1.7 A
- 131.** An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is $1.227 \times 10^{-2} \text{ nm}$, the potential difference is :
- (1) 10^2 V
 - (2) 10^3 V
 - (3) 10^4 V
 - (4) 10 V
- 132.** Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is :
- (1) adiabatic
 - (2) isochoric
 - (3) isobaric
 - (4) isothermal

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133. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is :



(1) A B Y

0 0 0

0 1 1

1 0 1

1 1 1

(2) A B Y

0 0 1

0 1 1

1 0 1

1 1 0

(3) A B Y

0 0 1

0 1 0

1 0 0

1 1 0

(4) A B Y

0 0 0

0 1 0

1 0 0

1 1 1

134. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are :

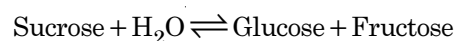
- (1) insulators only
- (2) semiconductors only
- (3) insulators and semiconductors
- (4) metals

135. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is $\frac{\pi}{3}$. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again $\frac{\pi}{3}$ between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is :

- (1) 0.5
- (2) 1.0
- (3) -1.0
- (4) zero

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136. Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.



If the equilibrium constant (K_c) is 2×10^{13} at 300 K, the value of $\Delta_r G^\ominus$ at the same temperature will be :

- (1) $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (2) $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (3) $-8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- (4) $-8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$

137. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms ?

- (1) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
- (2) 1 g of O_2 (g) [Atomic mass of O = 16]
- (3) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
- (4) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]

138. Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide ?

- (1) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
- (2) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
- (3) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
- (4) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.

139. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of Cr^{2+} ion is :

- (1) 4.90 BM
- (2) 5.92 BM
- (3) 2.84 BM
- (4) 3.87 BM

140. Which of the following is a natural polymer ?

- (1) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
- (2) polybutadiene
- (3) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
- (4) *cis*-1,4-polyisoprene

141. Which of the following is a basic amino acid ?

- (1) Alanine
- (2) Tyrosine
- (3) Lysine
- (4) Serine

142. A mixture of N_2 and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of N_2 and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N_2 is :
- [Use atomic masses (in $g\ mol^{-1}$) : N = 14, Ar = 40]
- (1) 12 bar
 - (2) 15 bar
 - (3) 18 bar
 - (4) 9 bar
143. Paper chromatography is an example of :
- (1) Partition chromatography
 - (2) Thin layer chromatography
 - (3) Column chromatography
 - (4) Adsorption chromatography
144. For the reaction, $2Cl(g) \rightarrow Cl_2(g)$, the **correct** option is :
- (1) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (2) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
 - (3) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (4) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
145. Urea reacts with water to form **A** which will decompose to form **B**. **B** when passed through Cu^{2+} (aq), deep blue colour solution **C** is formed. What is the formula of **C** from the following ?
- (1) $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$
 - (2) $Cu(OH)_2$
 - (3) $CuCO_3 \cdot Cu(OH)_2$
 - (4) $CuSO_4$
146. On electrolysis of dil. sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be :
- (1) Oxygen gas
 - (2) H_2S gas
 - (3) SO_2 gas
 - (4) Hydrogen gas
147. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is :
- (1) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288\ pm$
 - (2) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288\ pm$
 - (3) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288\ pm$
 - (4) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288\ pm$
148. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :
- (1) heat of reaction
 - (2) threshold energy
 - (3) collision frequency
 - (4) activation energy
149. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction ?
- (1) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
 - (2) n-Heptane
 - (3) n-Butane
 - (4) n-Hexane
150. Identify the **incorrect** statement.
- (1) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
 - (2) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
 - (3) The oxidation states of chromium in CrO_4^{2-} and $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$ are not the same.
 - (4) Cr^{2+} (d^4) is a stronger reducing agent than Fe^{2+} (d^6) in water.
151. Which of the following is a cationic detergent ?
- (1) Sodium stearate
 - (2) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
 - (3) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
 - (4) Sodium lauryl sulphate

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152. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following ?

- (1) + R effect of $-\text{CH}_3$ groups
- (2) - R effect of $-\text{CH}_3$ groups
- (3) Hyperconjugation
- (4) - I effect of $-\text{CH}_3$ groups

153. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds ?

- (1) $\text{SCN}^- < \text{F}^- < \text{CN}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-}$
- (2) $\text{F}^- < \text{SCN}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} < \text{CN}^-$
- (3) $\text{CN}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} < \text{SCN}^- < \text{F}^-$
- (4) $\text{SCN}^- < \text{F}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} < \text{CN}^-$

154. Identify the **correct** statement from the following :

- (1) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO_2 .
- (2) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
- (3) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
- (4) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.

155. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment ?

- (1) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- (2) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- (3) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
- (4) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene

156. Match the following and identify the **correct** option.

- | | |
|---|---|
| (a) $\text{CO(g)} + \text{H}_2\text{(g)}$ | (i) $\text{Mg}(\text{HCO}_3)_2 + \text{Ca}(\text{HCO}_3)_2$ |
| (b) Temporary hardness of water | (ii) An electron deficient hydride |
| (c) B_2H_6 | (iii) Synthesis gas |
| (d) H_2O_2 | (iv) Non-planar structure |

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|------|
| (1) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (2) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| (3) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (4) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) |

157. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in $^{175}_{71}\text{Lu}$, respectively, are :

- (1) 104, 71 and 71
- (2) 71, 71 and 104
- (3) 175, 104 and 71
- (4) 71, 104 and 71

158. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten CaCl_2 (Atomic mass of $\text{Ca} = 40 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$) is :

- (1) 2
- (2) 3
- (3) 4
- (4) 1

159. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is :

- (a) β -Elimination reaction
 - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
 - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
 - (d) Dehydration reaction
- (1) (a), (c), (d)
 - (2) (b), (c), (d)
 - (3) (a), (b), (d)
 - (4) (a), (b), (c)

160. Identify the **correct** statements from the following :

- (a) $\text{CO}_2\text{(g)}$ is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
 - (b) The structure of C_{60} contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
 - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
 - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
- (1) (a) and (c) only
 - (2) (b) and (c) only
 - (3) (c) and (d) only
 - (4) (a), (b) and (c) only

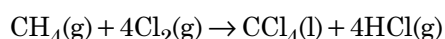
161. Identify the **incorrect** match.

- | | Name | IUPAC Official Name |
|-----|-------------|---------------------|
| (a) | Unnilunium | (i) Mendeleevium |
| (b) | Unniltrium | (ii) Lawrencium |
| (c) | Unnilhexium | (iii) Seaborgium |
| (d) | Unununnium | (iv) Darmstadtium |
- (1) (b), (ii)
 - (2) (c), (iii)
 - (3) (d), (iv)
 - (4) (a), (i)

162. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is $5.12 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places) :

- (1) 0.80 K
- (2) 0.40 K
- (3) 0.60 K
- (4) 0.20 K

163. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction ?



- (1) 0 to +4
- (2) -4 to +4
- (3) 0 to -4
- (4) +4 to +4

164. The rate constant for a first order reaction is $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is :

- (1) 200 s
- (2) 500 s
- (3) 1000 s
- (4) 100 s

165. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is :

- (1) Benzene + Toluene
- (2) Acetone + Chloroform
- (3) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
- (4) Ethanol + Acetone

166. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O- linkage ?

- (1) H_2SO_4 , sulphuric acid
- (2) $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_8$, peroxodisulphuric acid
- (3) $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_7$, pyrosulphuric acid
- (4) H_2SO_3 , sulphurous acid

167. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution ?

- (1) Solubility
- (2) Stability of the colloidal particles
- (3) Size of the colloidal particles
- (4) Viscosity

168. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives :

- (1) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Glucose
- (2) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Fructose
- (3) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose
- (4) β -D-Glucose + α -D-Fructose

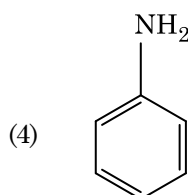
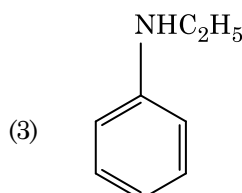
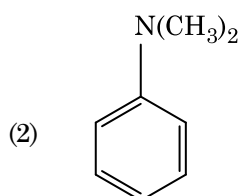
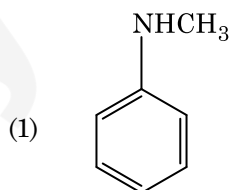
169. Find out the solubility of $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2$ in 0.1 M NaOH . Given that the ionic product of $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2$ is 2×10^{-15} .

- (1) $2 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M}$
- (2) $1 \times 10^{-13} \text{ M}$
- (3) $1 \times 10^8 \text{ M}$
- (4) $2 \times 10^{-13} \text{ M}$

170. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is :

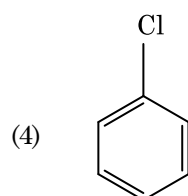
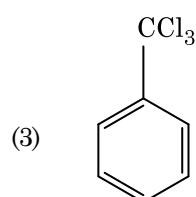
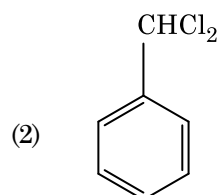
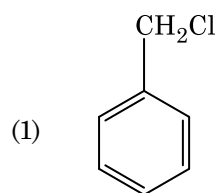
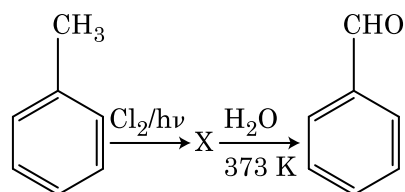
- (1) $q = 0, \Delta T < 0$ and $w > 0$
- (2) $q < 0, \Delta T = 0$ and $w = 0$
- (3) $q > 0, \Delta T > 0$ and $w > 0$
- (4) $q = 0, \Delta T = 0$ and $w = 0$

171. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test ?



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172. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions :



173. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as :

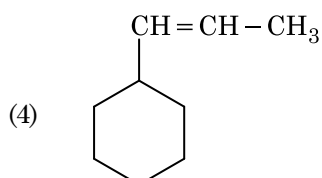
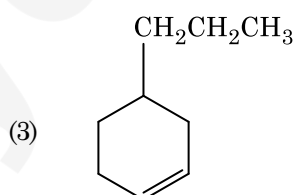
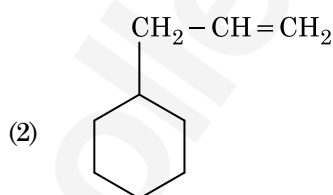
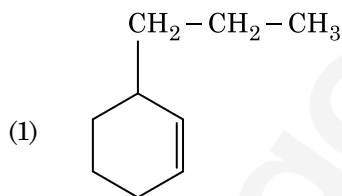
- (1) Cannizzaro's reaction
- (2) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
- (3) Cross Aldol condensation
- (4) Aldol condensation

174. Identify a molecule which does **not** exist.

- (1) Li_2
- (2) C_2
- (3) O_2
- (4) He_2

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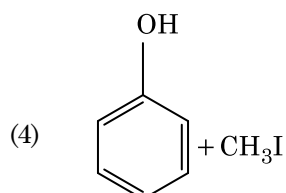
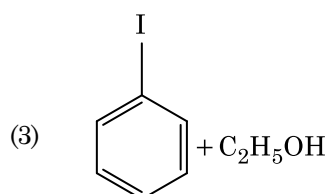
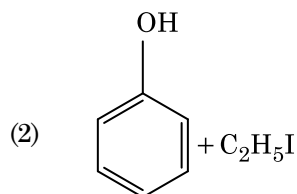
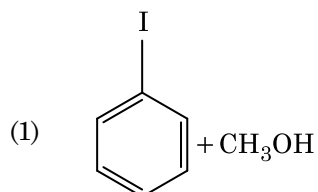
175. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is :



176. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.

- (1) Copper
- (2) Calcium
- (3) Potassium
- (4) Iron

177. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives :



178. Match the following :

	Oxide		Nature
(a)	CO	(i)	Basic
(b)	BaO	(ii)	Neutral
(c)	Al ₂ O ₃	(iii)	Acidic
(d)	Cl ₂ O ₇	(iv)	Amphoteric

Which of the following is **correct** option ?

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)

179. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl₂, MgCl₂ and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s) ?

- (1) Only NaCl
- (2) Only MgCl₂
- (3) NaCl, MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
- (4) Both MgCl₂ and CaCl₂

180. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give :

- (1) Sec. butyl alcohol
- (2) Tert. butyl alcohol
- (3) Isobutyl alcohol
- (4) Isopropyl alcohol

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Space For Rough Work



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Space For Rough Work



Test Booklet Code

HAKAN

No. :

H4

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.**Important Instructions :**

1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **side-1** and **side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are **720**.
3. Use **Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only** for writing particulars on this page/markings responses.
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5. **On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.**
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7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. **Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.**
12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
15. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

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Candidate's Signature : _____ Invigilator's Signature : _____

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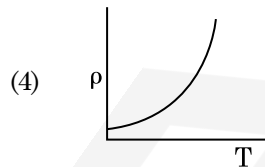
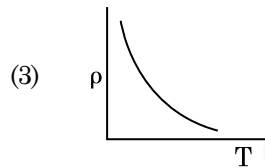
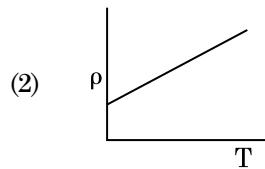
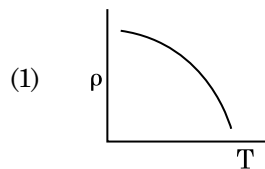
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1. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is : (k_B is Boltzmann constant and T , absolute temperature)

- (1) $\frac{7}{2} k_B T$
- (2) $\frac{1}{2} k_B T$
- (3) $\frac{3}{2} k_B T$
- (4) $\frac{5}{2} k_B T$

2. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper ?



3. For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid ?

- (1) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne^+)
- (2) Hydrogen atom
- (3) Singly ionised helium atom (He^+)
- (4) Deuteron atom

4. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii r_1 and r_2 ($r_1 = 1.5 r_2$) through 1 K are in the ratio :

- (1) $\frac{5}{3}$
- (2) $\frac{27}{8}$
- (3) $\frac{9}{4}$
- (4) $\frac{3}{2}$

5. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h . The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius $2r$ is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is :

- (1) 20.0 g
- (2) 2.5 g
- (3) 5.0 g
- (4) 10.0 g

6. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of :

- (1) 80 cm
- (2) 33 cm
- (3) 50 cm
- (4) 67 cm

7. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m^{-1} . The permeability of the material of the rod is :

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (2) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (3) $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (4) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$

8. When a uranium isotope ${}^{235}_{92}\text{U}$ is bombarded with a neutron, it generates ${}^{89}_{36}\text{Kr}$, three neutrons and :

- (1) ${}^{103}_{36}\text{Kr}$
- (2) ${}^{144}_{56}\text{Ba}$
- (3) ${}^{91}_{40}\text{Zr}$
- (4) ${}^{101}_{36}\text{Kr}$

9. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.
Its density is : ($R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$)
- 0.02 kg/m³
 - 0.5 kg/m³
 - 0.2 kg/m³
 - 0.1 kg/m³
10. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth ?
- 24 N
 - 48 N
 - 32 N
 - 30 N
11. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is $1.227 \times 10^{-2} \text{ nm}$, the potential difference is :
- 10^4 V
 - 10 V
 - 10^2 V
 - 10^3 V
12. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of $16 \times 10^{-9} \text{ C m}$. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is :
- $$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2 \right)$$
- zero
 - 50 V
 - 200 V
 - 400 V
13. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is : ($g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$)
- 300 m
 - 360 m
 - 340 m
 - 320 m
14. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10 Ω resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3 : 2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1 Ω of the resistance wire is :
- $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$
 - $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$
 - $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m}$
 - $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m}$
15. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as :
- $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$
 - $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n \pi d}$
 - $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n \pi d^2}$
 - $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$
16. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of $3.2 \times 10^{-7} \text{ C}$ distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere ?
- $$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2 \right)$$
- $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$
 - $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
 - $1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$
 - $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$
17. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is : ($c = \text{speed of electromagnetic waves}$)
- 1 : c^2
 - c : 1
 - 1 : 1
 - 1 : c
18. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes :
- one-fourth
 - double
 - half
 - four times

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19. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be :
- 537 Hz
 - 523 Hz
 - 524 Hz
 - 536 Hz
20. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to :
- increase in forward current
 - forward bias only
 - reverse bias only
 - both forward bias and reverse bias
21. A wire of length L , area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to L_1 when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is :
- $\frac{MgL}{A(L_1 - L)}$
 - $\frac{MgL_1}{AL}$
 - $\frac{Mg(L_1 - L)}{AL}$
 - $\frac{MgL}{AL_1}$
22. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is 10^{-20} J. This value in eV is nearly :
- 0.006
 - 6
 - 0.6
 - 0.06
23. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled ?
- zero
 - doubled
 - four times
 - one-fourth
24. Dimensions of stress are :
- $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
 - $[MLT^{-2}]$
 - $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
 - $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
25. A charged particle having drift velocity of $7.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m s}^{-1}$ in an electric field of $3 \times 10^{-10} \text{ Vm}^{-1}$, has a mobility in $\text{m}^2 \text{V}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$ of :
- 2.25×10^{-15}
 - 2.25×10^{15}
 - 2.5×10^6
 - 2.5×10^{-6}
26. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale. The pitch of the screw gauge is :
- 1.0 mm
 - 0.01 mm
 - 0.25 mm
 - 0.5 mm
27. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ , then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to :
- $\frac{\mu A}{2}$
 - $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
 - $\frac{2A}{\mu}$
 - μA
28. A $40 \mu\text{F}$ capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly :
- 25.1 A
 - 1.7 A
 - 2.05 A
 - 2.5 A

29. For transistor action, which of the following statements is **correct** ?

- (1) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
- (2) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
- (3) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
- (4) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.

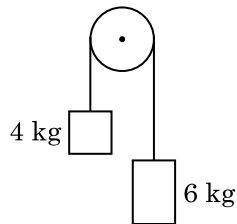
30. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is :

- (1) 0.5×10^{13} J
- (2) 4.5×10^{16} J
- (3) 4.5×10^{13} J
- (4) 1.5×10^{13} J

31. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of $9.99 \text{ m} - 0.0099 \text{ m}$?

- (1) 9.9 m
- (2) 9.9801 m
- (3) 9.98 m
- (4) 9.980 m

32. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is :

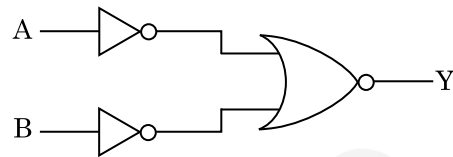


- (1) $g/10$
- (2) g
- (3) $g/2$
- (4) $g/5$

33. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is :

- (1) isobaric
- (2) isothermal
- (3) adiabatic
- (4) isochoric

34. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is :



(1)	A	B	Y
	0	0	1
	0	1	0
	1	0	0
	1	1	0
(2)	A	B	Y
	0	0	0
	0	1	0
	1	0	0
	1	1	1
(3)	A	B	Y
	0	0	0
	0	1	1
	1	0	1
	1	1	1
(4)	A	B	Y
	0	0	1
	0	1	1
	1	0	1
	1	1	0

35. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is :

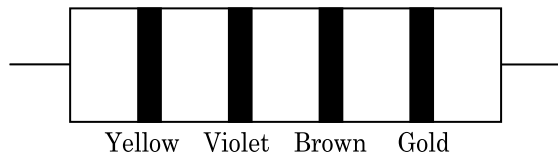
- (1) 6.00×10^{-7} rad
- (2) 3.66×10^{-7} rad
- (3) 1.83×10^{-7} rad
- (4) 7.32×10^{-7} rad

36. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is $6 \mu\text{F}$. With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes $30 \mu\text{F}$. The permittivity of the medium is :

- ($\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$)
- (1) $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
 - (2) $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
 - (3) $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
 - (4) $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$

H4

37. The color code of a resistance is given below :



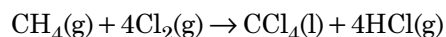
The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are :

- (1) 470Ω , 5%
 (2) $470 \text{ k}\Omega$, 5%
 (3) $47 \text{ k}\Omega$, 10%
 (4) $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega$, 5%
38. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m^3 , the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is :
- (1) 5 N/C
 (2) zero
 (3) 0.5 N/C
 (4) 1 N/C
39. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are :
- (1) insulators and semiconductors
 (2) metals
 (3) insulators only
 (4) semiconductors only
40. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm^2 falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm^2 . The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is :
- (1) $48 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$
 (2) $10 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$
 (3) $12 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$
 (4) $24 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$
41. The Brewsters angle i_b for an interface should be :
- (1) $i_b = 90^\circ$
 (2) $0^\circ < i_b < 30^\circ$
 (3) $30^\circ < i_b < 45^\circ$
 (4) $45^\circ < i_b < 90^\circ$

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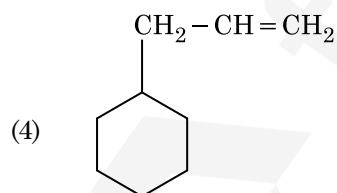
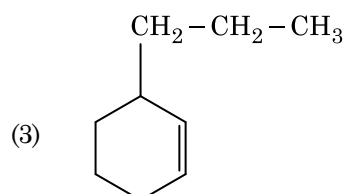
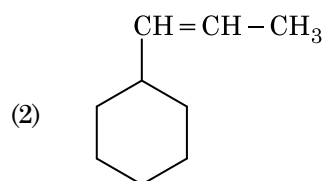
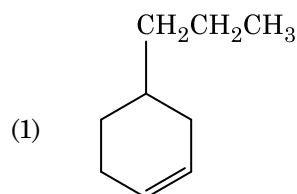
42. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A . The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is :
- ($\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$)
- (1) $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$
 (2) $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$
 (3) $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$
 (4) $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$
43. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is $\frac{\pi}{3}$. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again $\frac{\pi}{3}$ between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is :
- (1) -1.0
 (2) zero
 (3) 0.5
 (4) 1.0
44. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is :
- (1) zero
 (2) $\pi \text{ rad}$
 (3) $\frac{3\pi}{2} \text{ rad}$
 (4) $\frac{\pi}{2} \text{ rad}$
45. Find the torque about the origin when a force of $3\hat{j} \text{ N}$ acts on a particle whose position vector is $2\hat{k} \text{ m}$.
- (1) $6\hat{k} \text{ N m}$
 (2) $6\hat{i} \text{ N m}$
 (3) $6\hat{j} \text{ N m}$
 (4) $-6\hat{i} \text{ N m}$
46. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction ?
- (1) n-Butane
 (2) n-Hexane
 (3) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
 (4) n-Heptane

47. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction ?



- (1) 0 to -4
- (2) +4 to +4
- (3) 0 to +4
- (4) -4 to +4

48. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is :



49. Urea reacts with water to form **A** which will decompose to form **B**. **B** when passed through Cu^{2+} (aq), deep blue colour solution **C** is formed. What is the formula of **C** from the following ?

- (1) $\text{CuCO}_3 \cdot \text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$
- (2) CuSO_4
- (3) $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{2+}$
- (4) $\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$

50. Identify the **incorrect** match.

	Name		IUPAC Official Name
(a)	Unnilunium	(i)	Mendelevium
(b)	Unniltrium	(ii)	Lawrencium
(c)	Unnilhexium	(iii)	Seaborgium
(d)	Unununnium	(iv)	Darmstadtium
(1)	(d), (iv)		
(2)	(a), (i)		
(3)	(b), (ii)		
(4)	(c), (iii)		

51. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is :

- (a) β -Elimination reaction
 - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
 - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
 - (d) Dehydration reaction
- (1) (a), (b), (d)
 - (2) (a), (b), (c)
 - (3) (a), (c), (d)
 - (4) (b), (c), (d)

52. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms ?

- (1) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
- (2) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
- (3) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
- (4) 1 g of $\text{O}_2(\text{g})$ [Atomic mass of O = 16]

53. Identify the **correct** statement from the following :

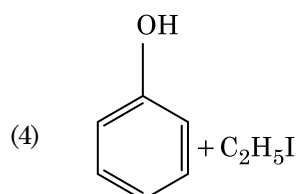
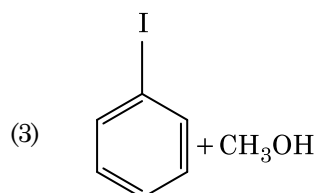
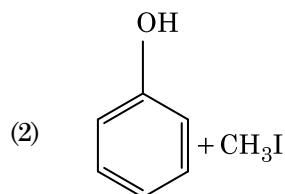
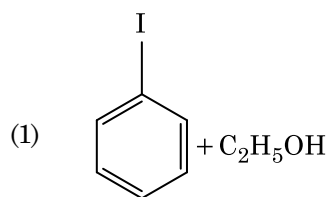
- (1) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
- (2) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
- (3) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO_2 .
- (4) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.

54. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following ?

- (1) Hyperconjugation
- (2) -I effect of $-\text{CH}_3$ groups
- (3) +R effect of $-\text{CH}_3$ groups
- (4) -R effect of $-\text{CH}_3$ groups

H4

55. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives :



56. A mixture of N₂ and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of N₂ and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N₂ is :

[Use atomic masses (in g mol⁻¹) : N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (1) 18 bar
- (2) 9 bar
- (3) 12 bar
- (4) 15 bar

57. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment ?

- (1) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
- (2) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
- (3) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- (4) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene

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58. Match the following :

	Oxide		Nature
(a)	CO	(i)	Basic
(b)	BaO	(ii)	Neutral
(c)	Al ₂ O ₃	(iii)	Acidic
(d)	Cl ₂ O ₇	(iv)	Amphoteric

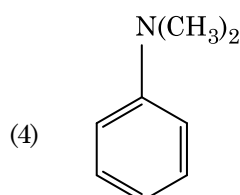
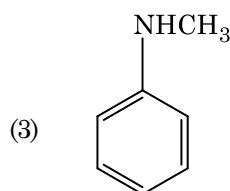
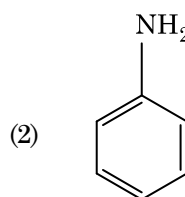
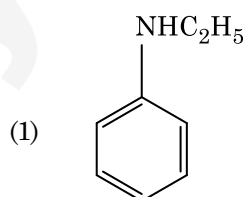
Which of the following is **correct** option ?

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)

59. The rate constant for a first order reaction is $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is :

- (1) 1000 s
- (2) 100 s
- (3) 200 s
- (4) 500 s

60. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test ?



61. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution ?
- (1) Size of the colloidal particles
 - (2) Viscosity
 - (3) Solubility
 - (4) Stability of the colloidal particles
62. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :
- (1) collision frequency
 - (2) activation energy
 - (3) heat of reaction
 - (4) threshold energy
63. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
- (1) Potassium
 - (2) Iron
 - (3) Copper
 - (4) Calcium
64. On electrolysis of dil. sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be :
- (1) SO_2 gas
 - (2) Hydrogen gas
 - (3) Oxygen gas
 - (4) H_2S gas
65. Which of the following is a basic amino acid ?
- (1) Lysine
 - (2) Serine
 - (3) Alanine
 - (4) Tyrosine
66. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as :
- (1) Cross Aldol condensation
 - (2) Aldol condensation
 - (3) Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (4) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
67. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of Cr^{2+} ion is :
- (1) 2.84 BM
 - (2) 3.87 BM
 - (3) 4.90 BM
 - (4) 5.92 BM
68. Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.
- $$\text{Sucrose} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Glucose} + \text{Fructose}$$
- If the equilibrium constant (K_c) is 2×10^{13} at 300 K, the value of $\Delta_r G^\ominus$ at the same temperature will be :
- (1) $-8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
 - (2) $-8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
 - (3) $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
 - (4) $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
69. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is :
- (1) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
 - (2) Ethanol + Acetone
 - (3) Benzene + Toluene
 - (4) Acetone + Chloroform
70. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives :
- (1) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose
 - (2) β -D-Glucose + α -D-Fructose
 - (3) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Glucose
 - (4) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Fructose
71. Paper chromatography is an example of :
- (1) Column chromatography
 - (2) Adsorption chromatography
 - (3) Partition chromatography
 - (4) Thin layer chromatography

H4

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72. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds ?

- (1) $\text{CN}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} < \text{SCN}^- < \text{F}^-$
- (2) $\text{SCN}^- < \text{F}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} < \text{CN}^-$
- (3) $\text{SCN}^- < \text{F}^- < \text{CN}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-}$
- (4) $\text{F}^- < \text{SCN}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} < \text{CN}^-$

73. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is :

- (1) $q > 0, \Delta T > 0$ and $w > 0$
- (2) $q = 0, \Delta T = 0$ and $w = 0$
- (3) $q = 0, \Delta T < 0$ and $w > 0$
- (4) $q < 0, \Delta T = 0$ and $w = 0$

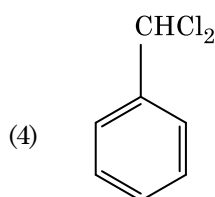
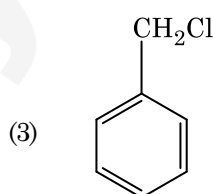
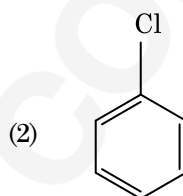
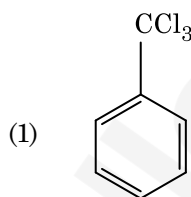
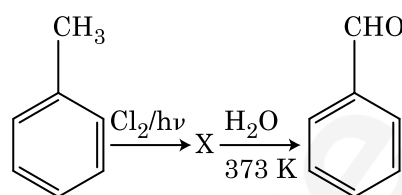
74. For the reaction, $2\text{Cl}(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2(\text{g})$, the **correct** option is :

- (1) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
- (2) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
- (3) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
- (4) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$

75. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give :

- (1) Isobutyl alcohol
- (2) Isopropyl alcohol
- (3) Sec. butyl alcohol
- (4) Tert. butyl alcohol

76. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions :



77. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten CaCl_2 (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol⁻¹) is :

- (1) 4
- (2) 1
- (3) 2
- (4) 3

78. Which of the following is a cationic detergent ?

- (1) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
- (2) Sodium lauryl sulphate
- (3) Sodium stearate
- (4) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide

79. Which of the following is a natural polymer ?
- poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
 - cis*-1,4-polyisoprene
 - poly (Butadiene-styrene)
 - polybutadiene
80. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has –O–O– linkage ?
- $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_7$, pyrosulphuric acid
 - H_2SO_3 , sulphurous acid
 - H_2SO_4 , sulphuric acid
 - $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_8$, peroxodisulphuric acid
81. Find out the solubility of $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2$ in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2$ is 2×10^{-15} .
- $1 \times 10^8 \text{ M}$
 - $2 \times 10^{-13} \text{ M}$
 - $2 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M}$
 - $1 \times 10^{-13} \text{ M}$
82. Identify a molecule which does **not** exist.
- O_2
 - He_2
 - Li_2
 - C_2
83. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is $5.12 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places) :
- 0.60 K
 - 0.20 K
 - 0.80 K
 - 0.40 K
84. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl_2 , MgCl_2 and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s) ?
- NaCl, MgCl_2 and CaCl_2
 - Both MgCl_2 and CaCl_2
 - Only NaCl
 - Only MgCl_2
85. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in $^{175}_{71}\text{Lu}$, respectively, are :
- 175, 104 and 71
 - 71, 104 and 71
 - 104, 71 and 71
 - 71, 71 and 104
86. Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide ?
- It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
 - It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
 - It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
 - The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
87. Match the following and identify the **correct** option.
- | | |
|--|---|
| (a) $\text{CO}(\text{g}) + \text{H}_2(\text{g})$ | (i) $\text{Mg}(\text{HCO}_3)_2 + \text{Ca}(\text{HCO}_3)_2$ |
| (b) Temporary hardness of water | (ii) An electron deficient hydride |
| (c) B_2H_6 | (iii) Synthesis gas |
| (d) H_2O_2 | (iv) Non-planar structure |
- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|------|
| (1) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (2) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (3) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
88. Identify the **incorrect** statement.
- The oxidation states of chromium in CrO_4^{2-} and $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$ are not the same.
 - $\text{Cr}^{2+}(\text{d}^4)$ is a stronger reducing agent than $\text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{d}^6)$ in water.
 - The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
 - Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.

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89. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is :

- (1) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- (2) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- (3) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- (4) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$

90. Identify the **correct** statements from the following :

- (a) $\text{CO}_2(\text{g})$ is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
 - (b) The structure of C_{60} contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
 - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
 - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
- (1) (c) and (d) only
 - (2) (a), (b) and (c) only
 - (3) (a) and (c) only
 - (4) (b) and (c) only

91. Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants :

- | | |
|---------------|---|
| (a) Iron | (i) Photolysis of water |
| (b) Zinc | (ii) Pollen germination |
| (c) Boron | (iii) Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis |
| (d) Manganese | (iv) IAA biosynthesis |

Select the **correct** option :

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |
| (2) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (3) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |

92. Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population ?

- (1) Species interaction
- (2) Sex ratio
- (3) Natality
- (4) Mortality

93. Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment ?

- (1) Activated sludge
- (2) Primary sludge
- (3) Floating debris
- (4) Effluents of primary treatment

94. The roots that originate from the base of the stem are :

- (1) Lateral roots
- (2) Fibrous roots
- (3) Primary roots
- (4) Prop roots

95. Floridean starch has structure similar to :

- (1) Laminarin and cellulose
- (2) Starch and cellulose
- (3) Amylopectin and glycogen
- (4) Mannitol and algin

96. Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during :

- (1) Leptotene
- (2) Pachytene
- (3) Zygotene
- (4) Diplotene

97. Identify the **correct** statement with reference to human digestive system.

- (1) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
- (2) Ileum opens into small intestine.
- (3) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
- (4) Ileum is a highly coiled part.

98. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is :
- (1) Plasmolysis
 - (2) Transpiration
 - (3) Root pressure
 - (4) Imbibition
99. The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at :
- (1) Chalaza
 - (2) Hilum
 - (3) Micropyle
 - (4) Nucellus
100. How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits ?
- (1) 8
 - (2) 4
 - (3) 2
 - (4) 14
101. Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata ?
- (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
 - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
 - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
 - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
- (1) (b) and (c)
 - (2) (d) and (c)
 - (3) (c) and (a)
 - (4) (a) and (b)
102. The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are :
- (1) Ammonia and hydrogen
 - (2) Ammonia alone
 - (3) Nitrate alone
 - (4) Ammonia and oxygen
103. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is :
- (1) Three
 - (2) Zero
 - (3) One
 - (4) Two
104. Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity ?
- (1) Amazon forests
 - (2) Western Ghats of India
 - (3) Madagascar
 - (4) Himalayas
105. The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is :
- (1) 5' - GGATCC - 3'
3' - CCTAGG - 5'
 - (2) 5' - GAATTC - 3'
3' - CTTAAG - 5'
 - (3) 5' - GGAACC - 3'
3' - CCTTGG - 5'
 - (4) 5' - CTTAAG - 3'
3' - GAATTC - 5'
106. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- | Column - I | | Column - II | |
|--------------------|-------|---|--|
| (a) Floating Ribs | (i) | Located between second and seventh ribs | |
| (b) Acromion | (ii) | Head of the Humerus | |
| (c) Scapula | (iii) | Clavicle | |
| (d) Glenoid cavity | (iv) | Do not connect with the sternum | |
- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |
| (2) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) |
| (3) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (4) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) |

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107. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	Eosinophils	(i)	Immune response
(b)	Basophils	(ii)	Phagocytosis
(c)	Neutrophils	(iii)	Release histaminase, destructive enzymes
(d)	Lymphocytes	(iv)	Release granules containing histamine

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)

108. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	Bt cotton	(i)	Gene therapy
(b)	Adenosine deaminase deficiency	(ii)	Cellular defence
(c)	RNAi	(iii)	Detection of HIV infection
(d)	PCR	(iv)	<i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i>

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)

109. Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure :

- (1) Inulin, insulin
- (2) Chitin, cholesterol
- (3) Glycerol, trypsin
- (4) Cellulose, lecithin

110. Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.

- (1) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
- (2) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
- (3) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
- (4) AIDS, Malaria, Filariasis

111. Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription.

- (1) RNA polymerase
- (2) DNA ligase
- (3) DNA helicase
- (4) DNA polymerase

112. Which of the following is **correct** about viroids ?

- (1) They have free DNA without protein coat.
- (2) They have RNA with protein coat.
- (3) They have free RNA without protein coat.
- (4) They have DNA with protein coat.

113. Match the following :

(a)	Inhibitor of catalytic activity	(i)	Ricin
(b)	Possess peptide bonds	(ii)	Malonate
(c)	Cell wall material in fungi	(iii)	Chitin
(d)	Secondary metabolite	(iv)	Collagen

Choose the **correct** option from the following :

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)
(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)
(3)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)

114. In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive ?

- (1) GIFT and ICSI
- (2) ZIFT and IUT
- (3) GIFT and ZIFT
- (4) ICSI and ZIFT

115. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage (G_0). This process occurs at the end of :

- (1) G_2 phase
- (2) M phase
- (3) G_1 phase
- (4) S phase

116. Match the organism with its use in biotechnology.

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| (a) <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> | (i) Cloning vector |
| (b) <i>Thermus aquaticus</i> | (ii) Construction of first rDNA molecule |
| (c) <i>Agrobacterium tumefaciens</i> | (iii) DNA polymerase |
| (d) <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> | (iv) Cry proteins |

Select the **correct** option from the following :

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (2) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) |
| (3) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |
| (4) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) |

117. Strobili or cones are found in :

- (1) *Equisetum*
- (2) *Salvinia*
- (3) *Pteris*
- (4) *Marchantia*

118. Identify the **correct** statement with regard to G₁ phase (Gap 1) of interphase.

- (1) Nuclear Division takes place.
- (2) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
- (3) Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
- (4) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.

119. The first phase of translation is :

- (1) Recognition of an anti-codon
- (2) Binding of mRNA to ribosome
- (3) Recognition of DNA molecule
- (4) Aminoacylation of tRNA

120. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

- | | Column - I | Column - II |
|-----|--|-------------------------|
| (a) | Gregarious, polyphagous pest | (i) <i>Asterias</i> |
| (b) | Adult with radial symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry | (ii) Scorpion |
| (c) | Book lungs | (iii) <i>Ctenoplane</i> |
| (d) | Bioluminescence | (iv) <i>Locusta</i> |
-
- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (2) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (3) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |
| (4) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |

121. The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of :

- (1) pepsinogen into pepsin
- (2) protein into polypeptides
- (3) trypsinogen into trypsin
- (4) caseinogen into casein

122. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their :

- (1) Effect on reproduction
- (2) Nutritive value
- (3) Growth response
- (4) Defence action

123. Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the **correct** option.

- | | Column - I | Column - II |
|-----|------------|-------------------------|
| (a) | Typhoid | (i) <i>Wuchereria</i> |
| (b) | Pneumonia | (ii) <i>Plasmodium</i> |
| (c) | Filariasis | (iii) <i>Salmonella</i> |
| (d) | Malaria | (iv) <i>Haemophilus</i> |
-
- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) |
| (2) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (4) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | (iv) |

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124. Ray florets have :
- (1) Half inferior ovary
 - (2) Inferior ovary
 - (3) Superior ovary
 - (4) Hypogynous ovary
125. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents :
- (1) Repolarisation of ventricles
 - (2) Repolarisation of auricles
 - (3) Depolarisation of auricles
 - (4) Depolarisation of ventricles
126. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.
- (1) Absciscic acid
 - (2) Cytokinin
 - (3) Gibberellin
 - (4) Ethylene
127. Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action ?
- (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
 - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
 - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
 - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
- (1) only (d)
 - (2) only (a)
 - (3) (a) and (c)
 - (4) (b), (c) and (d)
128. Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by :
- (1) Oparin
 - (2) Karl Ernst von Baer
 - (3) Alfred Wallace
 - (4) Charles Darwin

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129. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae ?
- (1) *Chlorella* and *Spirulina*
 - (2) *Laminaria* and *Sargassum*
 - (3) *Gelidium* and *Gracilaria*
 - (4) *Anabaena* and *Volvox*
130. Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect** ?
- (1) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
 - (2) They are not bound by any membrane.
 - (3) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
 - (4) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
131. Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis ?
- (1) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
 - (2) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
 - (3) Reabsorption of Na^+ and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone
 - (4) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
132. Select the **correct** match.
- | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| (1) Thalassemia | - | X linked |
| (2) Haemophilia | - | Y linked |
| (3) Phenylketonuria | - | Autosomal dominant trait |
| (4) Sickle cell anaemia | - | Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11 |
133. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct** ?
- (1) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
 - (2) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
 - (3) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
 - (4) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.

134. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to transport of oxygen.

- (1) Low $p\text{CO}_2$ in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
- (2) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O_2 .
- (3) Partial pressure of CO_2 can interfere with O_2 binding with haemoglobin.
- (4) Higher H^+ conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.

135. The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is :

- (1) Male gametocytes
- (2) Trophozoites
- (3) Sporozoites
- (4) Female gametocytes

136. Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus ?

- (1) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia
- (2) Uremia and Ketonuria
- (3) Uremia and Renal Calculi
- (4) Ketonuria and Glycosuria

137. In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from :

- (1) PS-I to ATP synthase
- (2) PS-II to Cytb_6f complex
- (3) Cytb_6f complex to PS-I
- (4) PS-I to NADP^+

138. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a) 6 - 15 pairs of gill slits	(i)	<i>Trygon</i>	
(b) Heterocercal caudal fin	(ii)	Cyclostomes	
(c) Air Bladder	(iii)	Chondrichthyes	
(d) Poison sting	(iv)	Osteichthyes	
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1) (i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
(2) (ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(3) (iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(4) (iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)

139. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of :

- (1) Natural selection
- (2) Adaptive radiation
- (3) Convergent evolution
- (4) Industrial melanism

140. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to :

- (1) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
- (2) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
- (3) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
- (4) High reflection of light from snow

141. The ovary is half inferior in :

- (1) Plum
- (2) Brinjal
- (3) Mustard
- (4) Sunflower

142. The process of growth is maximum during :

- (1) Dormancy
- (2) Log phase
- (3) Lag phase
- (4) Senescence

143. Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy ?

- (1) Para-ascorbic acid
- (2) Gibberellic acid
- (3) Abscissic acid
- (4) Phenolic acid

144. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of :

- (1) 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
- (2) 2 molecules of 3-C compound
- (3) 1 molecule of 3-C compound
- (4) 1 molecule of 6-C compound

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145. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	<i>Clostridium butylicum</i>	(i)	Cyclosporin-A
(b)	<i>Trichoderma polysporum</i>	(ii)	Butyric Acid
(c)	<i>Monascus purpureus</i>	(iii)	Citric Acid
(d)	<i>Aspergillus niger</i>	(iv)	Blood cholesterol lowering agent

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)

146. In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :

- (1) insects and water
- (2) insects or wind
- (3) water currents only
- (4) wind and water

147. According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about :

- (1) 7 million
- (2) 1.5 million
- (3) 20 million
- (4) 50 million

148. Identify the **wrong** statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.

- (1) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
- (2) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
- (3) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
- (4) They are useful in genetic engineering.

149. In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of :

- (1) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
- (2) Acetocarmine in bright blue light
- (3) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
- (4) Acetocarmine in UV radiation

150. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams ?

- (1) Inbreeding
- (2) Out crossing
- (3) Mutational breeding
- (4) Cross breeding

151. Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by :

- (1) Annelida
- (2) Ctenophora
- (3) Platyhelminthes
- (4) Aschelminthes

152. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is 6.6×10^9 bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately :

- (1) 2.7 meters
- (2) 2.0 meters
- (3) 2.5 meters
- (4) 2.2 meters

153. Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by :

- (1) Morgan
- (2) Mendel
- (3) Sutton
- (4) Boveri

154. Choose the **correct** pair from the following :

- (1) Exonucleases - Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
- (2) Ligases - Join the two DNA molecules
- (3) Polymerases - Break the DNA into fragments
- (4) Nucleases - Separate the two strands of DNA

155. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to immunity.

- (1) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
- (2) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
- (3) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
- (4) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.

156. Select the **correct** events that occur during inspiration.

- (a) Contraction of diaphragm
- (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
- (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
- (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
- (1) only (d)
- (2) (a) and (b)
- (3) (c) and (d)
- (4) (a), (b) and (d)

157. Which of the following statements is **not correct** ?

- (1) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in *E-Coli*.
- (2) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
- (3) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
- (4) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.

158. Match the trophic levels with their **correct** species examples in grassland ecosystem.

- | | |
|--------------------------|--------------|
| (a) Fourth trophic level | (i) Crow |
| (b) Second trophic level | (ii) Vulture |
| (c) First trophic level | (iii) Rabbit |
| (d) Third trophic level | (iv) Grass |

Select the **correct** option :

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (2) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (3) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (4) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |

159. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

- | Column - I | | Column - II | |
|---------------------|-------|--------------------|--|
| (a) Pituitary gland | (i) | Grave's disease | |
| (b) Thyroid gland | (ii) | Diabetes mellitus | |
| (c) Adrenal gland | (iii) | Diabetes insipidus | |
| (d) Pancreas | (iv) | Addison's disease | |
-
- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (2) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |
| (3) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (4) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |

160. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because :

- (1) the head holds a 1/3rd of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
- (2) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
- (3) the cockroach does not have nervous system.
- (4) the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.

161. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

- | Column - I | | Column - II | |
|---------------------------|-------|------------------------------------|--|
| (a) Placenta | (i) | Androgens | |
| (b) Zona pellucida | (ii) | Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG) | |
| (c) Bulbo-urethral glands | (iii) | Layer of the ovum | |
| (d) Leydig cells | (iv) | Lubrication of the Penis | |
-
- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (2) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) | (ii) |
| (3) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) | (iii) |
| (4) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) |

162. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to the gene 'I' that controls ABO blood groups.

- (1) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
- (2) The gene (I) has three alleles.
- (3) A person will have only two of the three alleles.
- (4) When I^A and I^B are present together, they express same type of sugar.

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163. Which of the following statements is **correct** ?

- (1) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
- (2) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
- (3) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
- (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.

164. Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells ?

- (1) Polysomes
- (2) Endoplasmic reticulum
- (3) Peroxisomes
- (4) Golgi bodies

165. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals ?

- (1) Insulin
- (2) Haemoglobin
- (3) Collagen
- (4) Lectin

166. The plant parts which consist of two generations - one within the other :

- (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
- (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
- (c) Seed inside the fruit
- (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
- (1) (a) and (d)
- (2) (a) only
- (3) (a), (b) and (c)
- (4) (c) and (d)

167. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed :

- (1) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
- (2) Prior to ovulation
- (3) At the time of copulation
- (4) After zygote formation

168. The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features :

- (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
- (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
- (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
- (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.

Identify the category of plant and its part :

- (1) Dicotyledonous root
- (2) Monocotyledonous stem
- (3) Monocotyledonous root
- (4) Dicotyledonous stem

169. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from :

- (1) Compound epithelial cells
- (2) Squamous epithelial cells
- (3) Columnar epithelial cells
- (4) Chondrocytes

170. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed :

- (1) Recognition site
- (2) Selectable marker
- (3) Ori site
- (4) Palindromic sequence

171. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	Organ of Corti	(i)	Connects middle ear and pharynx
(b)	Cochlea	(ii)	Coiled part of the labyrinth
(c)	Eustachian tube	(iii)	Attached to the oval window
(d)	Stapes	(iv)	Located on the basilar membrane

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)
(3)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)
(4)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)

172. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.

- (1) Valine
- (2) Tyrosine
- (3) Glutamic Acid
- (4) Lysine

173. Match the following with respect to meiosis :

- | | |
|----------------|---------------------|
| (a) Zygotene | (i) Terminalization |
| (b) Pachytene | (ii) Chiasmata |
| (c) Diplotene | (iii) Crossing over |
| (d) Diakinesis | (iv) Synapsis |

Select the **correct** option from the following :

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) | (i) |
| (2) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) | (ii) |
| (3) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (4) | (i) | (ii) | (iv) | (iii) |

174. From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask :

- (1) CH_3 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at 600°C
- (2) CH_4 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at 800°C
- (3) CH_3 , H_2 , NH_4 and water vapor at 800°C
- (4) CH_4 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at 600°C

175. Select the **correct** statement.

- (1) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
- (2) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
- (3) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
- (4) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.

176. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of :

- (1) Disposal of e-wastes
- (2) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
- (3) Emission of ozone depleting substances
- (4) Release of Green House gases

177. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in :

- (1) eustachian tube
- (2) lining of intestine
- (3) ducts of salivary glands
- (4) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron

178. Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to :

- (1) Insect predators
- (2) Insect pests
- (3) Fungal diseases
- (4) Plant nematodes

179. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle ?

- (1) Low concentration of FSH
- (2) High concentration of Estrogen
- (3) High concentration of Progesterone
- (4) Low concentration of LH

180. Identify the **incorrect** statement.

- (1) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
- (2) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
- (3) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
- (4) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.

H4

22

Space For Rough Work



Space For Rough Work

H4

24

Space For Rough Work

